

Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

1897

NATURAL SIZED HEAD NEW SIBERIAN.

WHOLESALE CATALOGUE OF THE

KI-OTE SEED CO

THE
MOST
WONDERFUL
MILLET
THE
WORLD
HAS EVER
PRODUCED.



NEW SIBERIAN
MILLET.
62 1/2 LBS.
YIELDED
253 1/4 BUS.
SOWN ON 800
JUNE 8 1/2.

COPYRIGHTED 1896 BY KI-OTE SEED CO.

SIoux FALLS
SOUTH DAKOTA,
U.S.A.



TO OUR FRIENDS.

WE WOULD greatly enjoy a good long talk with each of you personally about the success and failures of the past and prospects for the future, but as it is impossible for us to do so we will have to be content with this small space, in which we can say but little. When we think of how the farmers of the Northwest have stood by us so faithfully for these many years, we have only gratitude and good will for each of them, and for all that, we think they could all give a good reason for bestowing on us their patronage, and if we are to judge what that reason would be, by the great number of those who write us such flattering reports of their wonderful success with the **Ki-Ote Seeds** we should say that it was because we sent them good seeds at a low price. We now present you with our Tenth Annual catalogue, which is filled with good things for the farm and garden, and we feel confident you will be pleased to receive it, and if you have never yet been so fortunate as to have planted the **Ki-Ote Seeds**, please send us your order this time, and we dare say that you will be so well pleased with your investment that you will regret that you had not been our customer sooner. There is no disputing the fact that our Northwestern grown seeds are taking the lead over the Foreign and Eastern seeds just as fast as introduced, for the reason that they are hardier, more productive, are of greater vitality and are earlier. We are here to please you, and are going to do it by filling your orders with the best seeds on earth. We say the best for the reason that our customers from the East, the West, the North and the South, declare it to be a fact, which is all the proof we want. Although the past years have been trying times on the seed business, we started business in a sod shanty without a dollar capital and have grown rapidly, which is further convincing evidence that we do as we agree to, that our prices are right and our seeds the best. Remember that all are tested before sending out, hence you take no chances in sending us your order. Prices of products are much better than a year ago, and as the whole Northwest is thoroughly soaked to a depth of several feet, the outlook is indeed very encouraging for bountiful crops. Our old-time moisture has returned to stay, and farmers should take advantage of it by sowing lots of grass seed this spring, in which line we have a fine assortment of tested varieties. Don't overlook our **New Siberian Millet**, and **Dakota Silver Beardless Barley**, if you want to make money. We shall expect every one of our old customers back this year and legions of new ones, who will be treated just as nicely as the old ones, and who will be just as happy at harvest time. Wishing you one and all a Merry Christmas, a Happy New Year, and a bountiful harvest, we remain, yours to command,

INCORPORATED. CAPITAL STOCK. \$100,000.

KI-OTE SEED CO.

HOW TO ORDER.

WRITE YOUR ORDER plainly, giving Name, Postoffice, county and State in full.

DON'T forget to sign your name.

POST PAID. Prices given in this catalogue on packets, ounces, pounds, pints, quarts, etc., we deliver free to your nearest post or express office. If you order seeds to be sent by freight or express at your expense, you are entitled to deduct from postpaid prices 8 cents per pound, and 15 cents per quart on Peas and Beans and 10 cents per quart on Sweet Corn and Onion Sets.

HOW TO SEND MONEY. The cash must accompany the order and can be sent safely by Postoffice Money Order, Bank Draft, Registered Letter or Express Money Order. Individual checks not accepted. We disclaim all responsibility when remittances are not made as above.

POSTAGE STAMPS. If it is impossible to remit as above we will accept postage stamps. 2 cent stamps preferred. Canadian stamps not accepted.

ONION SETS AND POTATOES will not be shipped until we think that danger from freezing is over.

C. O. D. No goods sent C. O. D. unless one-half the amount of bill is sent with order.

ERRORS. The utmost care is taken to fill all orders, but if any mistakes occur they will be cheerfully corrected.

CANADIAN CUSTOMERS ordering seeds to be sent by mail will add 8c. per pound and 15c. per quart to our prices, as the postage rate to Canada is double that in the United States. Do not send Canadian bills, as they go at a discount in the United States.

SEEDS SENT BY EXPRESS OR FREIGHT, means that we deliver the seeds to any express or railroad in this city, and the purchaser pays the transportation charges upon receipt of goods.

PREPAID RAILROAD STATIONS. Many of our former customers live on prepaid railroad stations, where there

are no agents. In such cases we ship the goods to the nearest station to this Prepaid station, as we never pay freight charges on heavy seeds. This insures **quick** delivery and no danger of loss.

DISCOUNTS. Instead of giving 25c. worth in packets, extra, for each \$1.00 worth of packets ordered, we make the discounts directly on the price of all seeds. For instance, where others will charge you 10c. to 15c. per packet, our price is 4 to 5, and where 5c. we charge you 3 to 4, so you can readily see that our straight price is much lower than the prices of those who allow you to select from 25c. to 30c. worth on the dollars worth.

TESTED SEEDS. We want our customers to know that we test all our seeds before sending them out, therefore, will get seeds that will **grow** if they order of us.

FREIGHT RATES. The freight rates on seeds has been greatly reduced, in many instances amounting to a cut of more than one-half.

OUR RESPONSIBILITY. To those who are unacquainted with us, we refer to the Minnehaha National Bank, of this city.

SHIPPING FACILITIES. Our shipping facilities are of the best to accommodate our customers. Heretofore, when a customer lived on a line of road not running to our former location, they had a high freight rate to pay. From our present location, we ship direct over the following lines (bill through, no transfer charges) viz: Chicago & Northwestern; Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha; Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul; Minneapolis & St. Louis; Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern; Great Northern; Chicago, Burlington & Quincy; Iowa Central; Illinois Central; Sioux City & Northern; Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific; St. Louis, Kansas City & Northwestern; Chicago, Burlington & Kansas City; St. Joe & Council Bluffs; Wabash, Omaha & Western; Des Moines & Northwestern; Northern Pacific; Sioux City & Pacific; Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley; Duluth, Red Wing & Southern, Winona & St. Peter.

NO CHARGE for bags, boxes or barrels.

40 PACKETS FOR \$1.00.

We have arranged a collection of 40 vegetable sorts which is without doubt the best ever offered. The collection cannot be divided or changed, as they are already put up in packages and will be mailed on receipt of price. The price is **NET**. This is the **best and largest \$1.00** collection ever offered by any seed house in the United States, and those who order it will not be disappointed if they expect to get **good fresh seed, and well filled packets**. We do not reduce either the quality or quantity in giving our customers 40 packets instead of 35, as formerly.

Asparagus—Conover's Colossal.
Beet—Early Blood Turnip.
Beet—Imperial Sugar.
Beans—Early Red Valentine.
Cabbage—Early Etampes.
Cabbage—Premium Flat Dutch.
Cabbage—Perfection Savoy.
Carrot—Early Short Horn.
Carrot—Long Orange.
Celery—White Plume.
Citron—Colorado Preserving.
Cress—Curled.
Cucumber—Early Cluster.
Cucumber—Early White Spine.

Sweet Corn—Early White Cory.
Endive—Moss Curled.
Lettuce—Early Prize head.
Lettuce—New York Market.
Watermelon—Phinney's Early.
Watermelon—Kolb Gem.
Muskmelon—Melrose.
Onion—Yellow Globe Danvers.
Onion—World-beater Wethersfield.
Parsley—Curled.
Parsnip—Guernsey.
Pepper—Cayenne.
Peas—First and Best.
Peas—Champion of England.

Pumpkin—Cheese.
Pumpkin—Sweet Potato.
Radish—Scarlet Turnip.
Radish—Long Scarlet Short Top.
Salsify—White French.
Spinach—Long Standing.
Squash—Improved Hubbard.
Squash—Early Bush.
Tomato—Livingston's Favorite.
Tomato—Early Red Cherry.
Turnip—Early White Flat.
Rutabaga—Dakota Gem.

Should you receive more than one copy of our Catalogue, please hand the extra one to a neighbor and ask him to look it over.

..SEEDS..

AT WHOLESALE, DIRECT TO FARMERS AND GARDENERS.

All vegetable seeds quoted in this Catalogue will be sent POSTPAID, unless otherwise stated. Where priced by Freight or Express, means that the freight or express charges are to be paid by the customer on receipt of goods. + + +

ARTICHOKE.

Large Green Globe. Pkt. 5, oz. 25, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90, 1 lb. \$3.

Colossal, or Mammoth White. This standard variety does not seed, but the roots are planted as potatoes, and are not dug, but turn the hogs on them and they will root them out as desired. Lb. 25, 4 lbs. 80, postpaid; by freight, pk. 55, bu. \$1.48.

ASPARAGUS.

Palmetto. Very large size, early and immensely productive. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

Conover's Colossal. A standard variety, quick growth, excellent quality. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

BORECOLE, OR KALE.

Dwarf German. Makes excellent greens for winter and spring use. Pkt. 4, oz. 10, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30, lb. \$1.00.

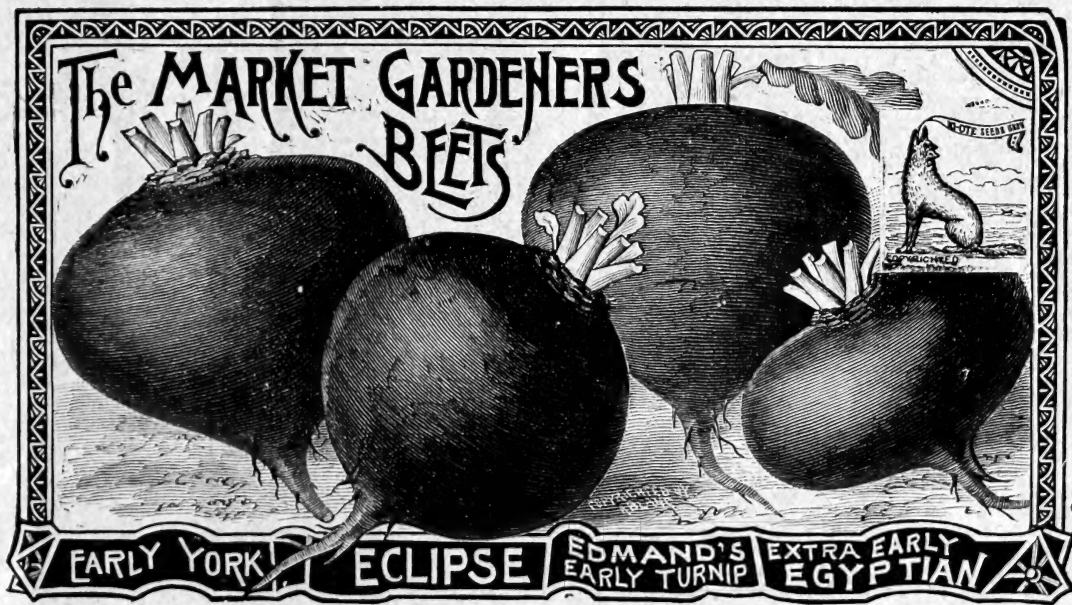
BROCCOLI.

Early Purple Cape. The most valuable kind, producing large, close heads. Pkt. 5, oz. 25.

BRUSSEL SPROUTS.

Hamburg. A splendid vegetable for winter. Pkt. 5, oz. 15, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40.

BEEETS.



Ki-Ote Seed Co.'s Early York. This is absolutely the **earliest** and **best** beet in cultivation. The very sweetest turnip beet we have ever tasted. It was about eight days earlier on our trial grounds than any other variety. It has few leaves, flesh a beautiful red color, and of excellent quality. If you want the **sweetest, earliest** and **best**, order the Early York. Pkt. 5 oz. 12, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30, lb. 75.

Mrs. S. A. Coe, Clark County, S. D.: Send me the same beet seed this year as the ones I had last. Were the sweetest and best I ever had.

Mrs. Wm. Weston, Sioux County, Iowa: The Early York Beet was the finest I ever saw. They surpass all others for cooking quickly and for sweetness.

Early Eclipse. A very early, quick growth, dark crimson, very smooth, small top, and of good quality. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60c.

Early Edmonds. It is of good size, very early, perfect in form and of deep, rich blood color so much sought by gardeners. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 65.

Early Egyptian. A standard sort, roots are large in size, and of a rich, deep crimson color. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

Early Blood Turnip. The standard variety for family use, being early and also a splendid keeper. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

Long Dark Blood. Grows to a large size, tender and sweet, good keeper, excellent for winter use. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 50.

Swiss Chard. Cultivated solely for its leaves, being used as Spinach. When cut off will come up again. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

SUGAR BEETS.

Improved Imperial. This is the most popular variety of Sugar Beets. Contains 12 per cent sugar, making it much more valuable for stock feeding than the mangel. Has yielded 30 tons per A. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18, lb. 55, 5 lbs. \$2.10.

MANGEL WURZEL or STOCK BEETS.

This is one of the most valuable crops the farmer can grow, as they are great fat and milk producers. Our seed is the VERY BEST and most reliable to be had. No farmer should plant less than one acre, which only takes 5 lbs. of seed.

Eiffel Tower. This is the largest and most productive stock mangel in cultivation, and the very best variety for stock feeding. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15, lb. 45, 5 lbs. \$1.88.

Yellow Globe. Very large size and productive. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15, lb. 45, 5 lbs. \$1.88.

CHICORY.

Large Rooted. The roots should be dried, roasted, ground and used like coffee. Pkt. 5, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18, lb. 55.

CHERVIL.

Curled. Leaves used in soups and salads. Pkt. 5, oz. 12, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35.

COLLARDS.

Curled. Leaves used in soups and salads. Pkt. 5, oz. 15, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35, lb. 90.

CORN SALAD.

Large Leaved. A salad used as lettuce. Pkt. 5, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18, lb. 55.

CRESS.

Extra Curled. An excellent salad. Pkt. 5, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15, lb. 45.

BEANS.

Ki-Ote Seed Co.'s Early Six Weeks. The earliest bean known, very prolific, green pod, yellow seed. No trouble to sell \$300 worth of green beans per acre of this variety. This bean grows quick and sells quick. Pkt. 4, $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 10, pt. 18, qt. 35; by freight, pk. \$1.25, bu. \$3.68.

Rust Proof Golden Wax. One of the very best beans in cultivation, being remarkable for extreme earliness. Beans are long, stringless, very tender pods of a beautiful yellow color; the favorite wherever grown. Pkt. 4, $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 12, pt. 20, qt. 38; by freight, pk. \$1.48, bu. \$3.98.

German Black Seed Wax (or butter bean). Very productive, and one of the very best for early market. Pods a beautiful yellowish, waxy color, tender and delicious. Pkt. 4, $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 12, pt. 20, qt. 38; by freight, pk. \$1.48, bu. \$3.98.

Improved Early Red Valentine. Green pod, best for pickling. Pkt. 4, $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 10, pt. 18, qt. 33; by freight, pk. \$1.18, bu. \$3.48.

Henderson's Bush Lima. Grows from 15 to 18 inches high and produces enormous crops of delicious Lima

Beans; is two weeks earlier than any of the climbing Limas. Pkt. 5, $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 15, pt. 25, qt. 40; by freight, pk. \$1.35, bu. \$4.50.

Cut Short, or Cornfield. This is the old-fashioned standard variety for planting in corn, as they bear splendidly when planted by and allowed to run up on the corn. Very prolific, and should be planted by every gardener, as they come on at a time when dwarf beans are dried up. Pkt. 4, $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 15, pt. 25, qt. 40; by freight, pk. \$1.25, bu. \$4.50.

FIELD BEANS.

Salzer's White Wonder. Absolutely the finest, largest yielding, best selling field bean known. Excellent for cooking and baking. Habit dwarf, very bushy and wonderfully full of pods. This, of all varieties, is the bean for growing for field crop. It is a money maker. Forty bushels per acre, even at \$2.00 per bushel, is \$80 per acre. **You see it pays.** Pkt. 4, $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 10, pt. 18, qt. 33; by freight, pk. \$1.95, bu. \$3.15.

Seed Navy, or Boston Pea Bean. Pkt. 4, $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 10, pt. 18, qt. 30; by freight, pk. 80, bu. \$2.80.

NORTHERN GROWN CABBAGE SEED.

If one kind of seed could be any more of a Specialty with us than another, we would say it was CABBAGE SEED, as we have for our grower the greatest Cabbage Seed Specialist in the United States. You can grow more fine, large, solid heads of cabbage from our extra select seed than from that bought of Eastern Houses. Nothing is more disappointing to a cabbage raiser than to get fooled on his seed. Often it will grow, but still not produce good heads. To be sure of getting the Very Best, order your cabbage seed direct from us.



LIGHTNING EXPRESS CABBAGE.

Lightning Express. There has never been an EARLY CABBAGE introduced, that has taken so well and sold so rapidly as our LIGHTNING EXPRESS. Our sales last year were simply IMMENSE. Everybody wanted it, and our customers report GRAND SUCCESS with it again. There is no doubt about it BEATING THEM ALL FOR EARLINESS. Grows a fair-sized, compact head, few outer leaves, and is of fine quality. How happy the housewife always is when the first cabbage is brought in. Plant our LIGHTNING EXPRESS and make the whole family glad. Market gardeners, you will make a mistake if you do not include our LIGHTNING EXPRESS in your order. On one acre of land, 12,000 heads of our LIGHTNING EXPRESS can be grown, and at 10 cents per head, (first early cabbage always bring 10 cents), they would bring \$1,200. Pkt. 5, oz. 25, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60, lb. \$1.95.

Early Etampes. About ten days earlier than "Wakefield," solid and firm. Pkt. 5, oz. 15, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45, lb. \$1.50.

Large Early York. Early heading, robust variety. Pkt. 5, oz. 20, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45, lb. \$1.40.

Selected Early Jersey Wakefield. Heads large and solid, stands drought well. Pkt. 5, oz. 20, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50, lb. \$1.60.

Early Winningstadt. A sure header and keeps well. Pkt. 5, oz. 15, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40, lb. \$1.40.

Henderson's Early Summer. Good for second early and a sure header. Pkt. 5, oz. 20, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 55, lb. \$1.60.

Allseason's. Almost as early as EARLY SUMMER, and larger in size. Pkt. 5, oz. 20, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 55, lb. \$1.60.

PREMIUM LATE FLAT DUTCH.

In our seed of this we have a strain that is reliable for heading, and size cannot be surpassed. Do not be deceived by fancy names, but buy PREMIUM FLAT DUTCH. Pkt. 5, oz. 20, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50, lb. \$1.60.

IDEAL ALL-HEAD CABBAGE.

SOME Seedsmen catalogue this as the Ideal while others call it All-Head, therefore, we have combined both names. In this Cabbage we have just the cabbage that market gardeners have been waiting for a long time. Verily and truthfully, the finest, largest, early summer cabbage in the wide world. It comes into market just after Lightning Express, and the heads are two or three times as large as other sorts ripening at the same time, and it will produce more solid heads than the others. If a farmer should plant but one variety of Cabbage, he could get none that would answer all purposes as well as the early Ideal All-Head. Tenderness being the result of rapid growth, it surpasses all others in this respect.

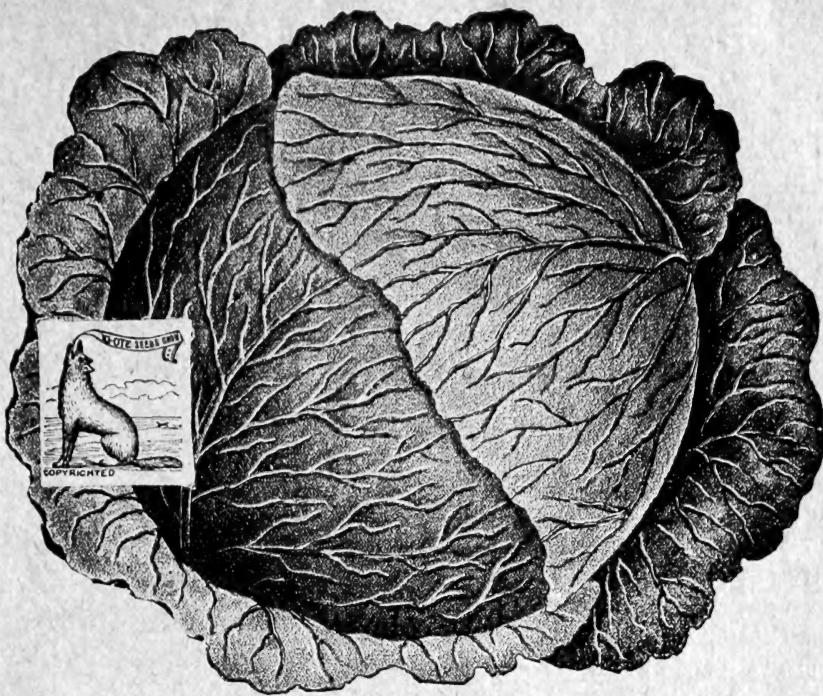
Let us sum the matter:

It is the earliest large cabbage grown; it's the finest flavored summer cabbage grown; it's the surest heading summer variety known. More than 10,000 large, solid heads (ripe in this Northern country in July) can be grown to each acre, on account of its remarkable compact growth. Pkt. 10, 3 pkts. 25, oz. 30, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 80, lb. \$2.50.

GENUINE SUREHEAD.

This popular cabbage is rightly named Surehead, and never fails to make a remarkably fine, large head, and has always brought the highest price in our markets. Heads frequently weigh 30 to 40 lbs., ripening late for a main crop. Our supply is grown from the original seed; none better to be had at any price. Pkt. 5, oz. 20, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50, lb. \$1.75.

Mammoth Marblehead. Very large, late variety. Plant early. Pkt. 5, oz. 20, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50, lb. \$1.60.



SHORT STEM DRUMHEAD.

This variety far surpasses the old strain of Large Late Drumhead cabbage, ripening earlier, forming larger and thicker heads of fine quality, and the best of keepers. Pkt. 5, oz. 25, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 55, lb. \$1.75.

Perfection Savoy. Heads large and finely curled. Pkt. 5, oz. 15, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45, lb. \$1.25.

Red Dutch Pickling. Used mostly by Germans for pickling. Pkt. 5, oz. 15, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40, lb. \$1.35.

SLUG SHOT KILLS CABBAGE-WORMS AND LICE.

We have handled Slug Shot for three years and have yet to have a single complaint from any one who has applied it according to directions. The market gardeners use it by the 100 lbs. and are loud in their praises of it. There is no danger in using it, as it is perfectly harmless to man or beast. It is a very fine powder and is applied dry with dusters expressly made for that purpose. Lb. 18, postpaid. By express, 5 lbs. 35, 10 lbs. 68, 25 lbs. \$1.60, 100 lbs. \$5.50.

CAULIFLOWER.

Ki-Ote Seed Co.'s Snowball. This variety of Cauliflower has given the greatest satisfaction in all sections. It is the earliest of all cauliflowers, about one week earlier than any other sort. Pkt. 15, oz. \$2.00.

Early Dwarf Erfurt. The best for forcing and open ground. Scarcely a plant fails to produce a good head. Pkt. 10, oz. \$1.85.

Autumn Giant. Heads very large, beautifully white, firm and compact. Plant early. Pkt. 5, oz. 50.

You had better pay \$10.00 per pound for cabbage seed that will produce good heads, but the funny part about it is that you don't have to if you buy from us, as you get the best at a low price.

Don't fail to try the NEW SIBERIAN MILLET and get a start of seed of this valuable new and wonderful variety.

CUTWORM ERADICATOR.

WILL PROTECT YOUR PLANTS AGAINST CUTWORMS.

With this valuable protector of plants to use when plants are first set out, and **SLUG SHOT** to keep them free from worms and lice, you can make a grand success of raising cabbage. No use to allow the cutworms to cut your plants all off when you can get our Cutworm Eradicator for almost nothing. If you will sprinkle a very little of it around each plant, it is a sure preventative. Very little trouble to use, costs next to nothing, and will save your plants. If you allow them to be cut off, it will be very expensive to set over again, and probably you will feel so blue you won't set them again, and therefore will lose your crop entirely and have to buy your cabbage and tomatoes. Avoid all this unnecessary trouble by laying in a stock of Ki-Ote Cutworm Eradicator. It is not poisonous in the least. Lb. 15, postpaid; by freight or express, 5 lbs. 18, 10 lbs. 30, 25 lbs. 65.

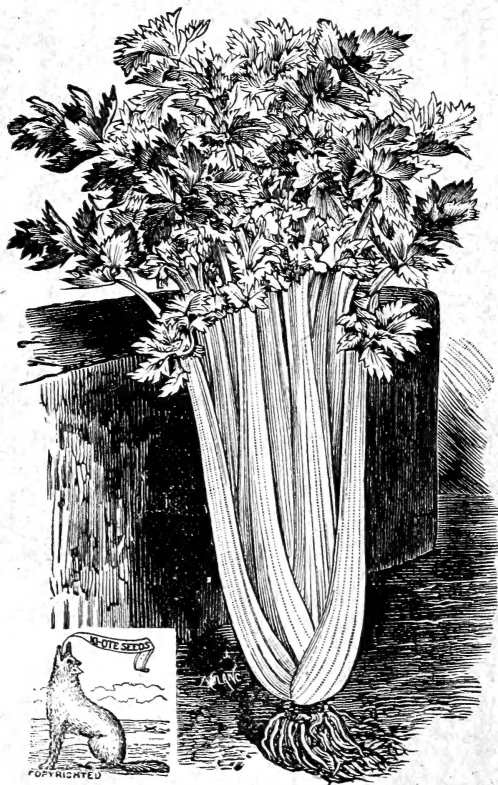
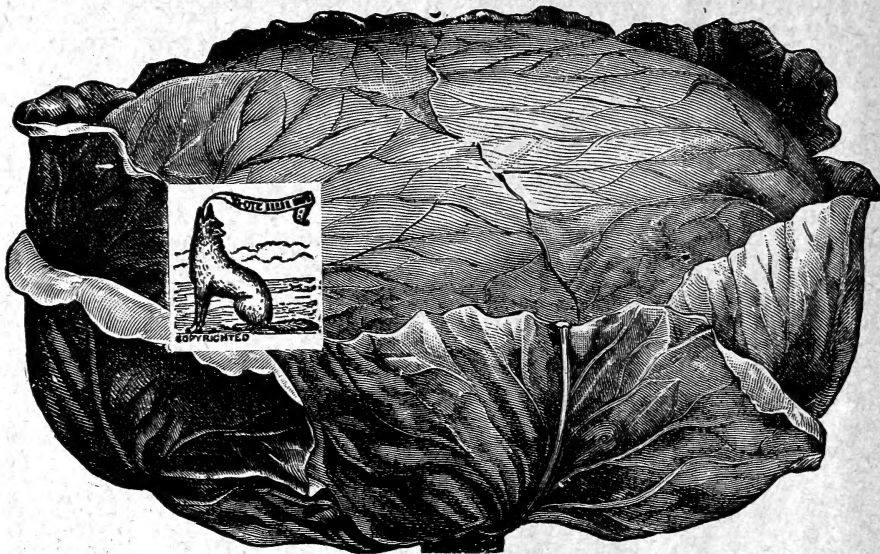
BURPEE'S WORLD-BEATER CABBAGE

THE LARGEST CABBAGE AND THE HARDEST HEADING

VERY LARGE CABBAGE IN CULTIVATION.

THIS is the *Very Best Large Cabbage* in existence; sure header, very solid, fine grained and tender; much more so than any other large cabbage. Some market gardeners claim that it's only fault is that it grows too large for market. We have never saw a buyer yet complain of cabbage being too large; in fact that is just what they want, and not so many small heads with so much waste to them. Farmers, they are just the kind to grow and store away in the cellar for winter use. If you will plant the *Lightning Express* for early, the *Ideal All-Head* for fall, and the *World-Beater*

for winter, and dust your plants with *Slug Shot* to keep off the cabbage lice and worms you will have plenty of cabbage to sell as well as supplying your own table. Pkt. 10, 3 pkts. 25, oz. 30, ¼ lb. 75, lb. \$2.60.



GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING.

Golden Self-Blanching. This is the earliest and best variety of celery that has ever been introduced, the most profitable and easiest grown. Strong grower, excellent flavor and practically self-blanching. Pkt. 5, oz. 20, ¼ lb. 65, lb. \$1.90.

CELERY.

New Giant Pascal. The stalks are large, thick, solid and entirely stringless, always crisp and brittle. It can be eaten when quite small. Does not rust or rot. Pkt. 5, oz. 18, ¼ lb. 50, lb. \$1.75.

FRANK FORD, Blue Grass Dairy Farm, says: "I am a Celery Crank and did not want to miss it on celery, so sent to La Crosse for the same amount of seed I got of you. Got 10,000 plants from your seed, and not a plant from the other. This teaches me a lesson. Everything I got of you did well."

White Plume. Very tender, crisp and of good flavor, requiring very little labor in blanching. Pkt. 5, oz. 20, ¼ lb. 60, lb. \$1.85.

Turnip Rooted. (Celeriac.) Grown extensively for its roots; excellent for salads, seasoning meats and flavoring soups. Pkt. 5, oz. 15, ¼ lb. 30, lb. \$1.10.

SWEET CORN.

Sweet Corn is one of the most important crops that the Gardener can raise, hence it is well to look out for good seed, as it is often very uncertain about growing. We handle no variety of seed that is more reliable than our Sweet Corn. Always tested before sending out, therefore no chances to take as far as the Seed is concerned. Comes up quick, grows strong and rapid, and gets there away ahead of eastern grown corn, and our prices are simply down to bed rock.

Early Minnesota. This is the standard second early variety, being more extensively grown than any other. Ears of good size, grains white, sweet and tender. Pkt. 4, ½ pt. 10, pt. 18, qt. 30; by freight, pk. 65, bu. \$1.85.

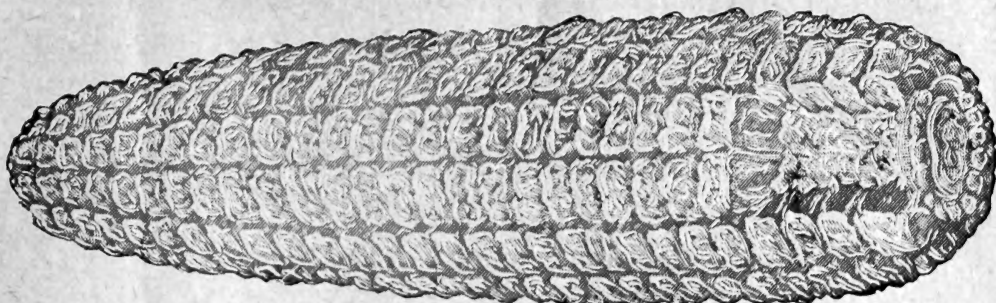
Country Gentleman. (or Shoe Peg.) This is the most delicious of all sweet corn sorts, besides bearing from 3 to 5 ears to the stalk, of very deep grained corn, small cob and long ear. Pkt. 4, ½ pt. 10, pt. 18, qt. 30; by freight, pk. 65, bu. \$1.95.

Perry's Hybrid (Ballard's Early). Also known as Chicago Market. Almost as early as Minnesota with larger ears. Pkt. 4, ½ pt. 10, pt. 18, qt. 30; by freight, pk. 65, bu. \$1.85.

Stowell's Evergreen. This variety is more largely grown than any other, late and very large ears with deep grain, remains tender longer than any other; in fact, from the time it is first fit for the table, you have choice table corn until frost comes. It is the sweetest and most sugary known variety. Pkt. 4, ½ pt. 10, pt. 18, qt. 30; by freight, pk. 65, bu. \$1.80.

Hickox Canning. This is the variety so largely planted around Sioux Falls for supplying the Canning Factory, as they consider it the best for canning. Medium late and very sweet. Pkt. 4, ½ pt. 10, pt. 18, qt. 30; by freight, pk. 65, bu. \$1.80.

Evergreen Sweet Fodder. This is an article that needs no description, as all are aware that it makes the best fodder in the world, and an unlimited amount of it. By freight, pk. 48, $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. 75, bu. \$1.35.



NEW WHITE CORY SWEET CORN.

In all our experience with sweet corn, we have never been able to find a variety that for FIRST EARLY would compare with our IMPROVED CORY. Our market gardeners always report being AHEAD of EVERYBODY when they plant it. Other seedsmen will tell you that they have corn that is a week earlier than Cory, but they have not. Buy our NEW WHITE CORY for your earliest, and you will not be disappointed. Among all other varieties tried none proved so early as our NEW WHITE CORY, besides being deliciously sweet for a first early crop. Pkt. 4, $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 10, pt. 18, qt. 30; by freight, pk. 65, bu. \$1.95.

POP CORN.

Improved Golden Dwarf. This originated from the Golden Tom Thumb, but is much more valuable in every respect. Yields much heavier, ears double the size, and the quality unexcelled. Pkt. 4, $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 15, pt. 25, qt. 45.

Superior White Rice. This is the variety grown largely for market purposes at prices that bring a large profit to the growers. Pkt. 3, $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 10, pt. 17, qt. 30; by freight, pk. 88, bu. \$2.80.

Red Rice. The same as white with the exception it is red in color. Price same as white.

CUCUMBERS.

NEW SIBERIAN.

Absolutely the Very Earliest cucumber grown. We picked fruit from our Siberian the past season in just 52 days from planting seed in open ground, which were nice size for slicing. Besides being away ahead of all other varieties for Early we have never yet seen a variety that was more prolific. Vines just loaded, and if kept pickling, keep right on bearing. Flesh very tender and crisp, and good early forcing variety. Pkt. 8, oz. 15, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35, lb. 90.

Early Green Cluster.

A good variety for first early, good shape for cutting up green, also splendid for pickling. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

Early Green Prolific, or Boston Pickling. Very popular for pickles; a great favorite in the Boston market. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

Improved White Spine. One of the finest strains of White Spine in cultivation. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

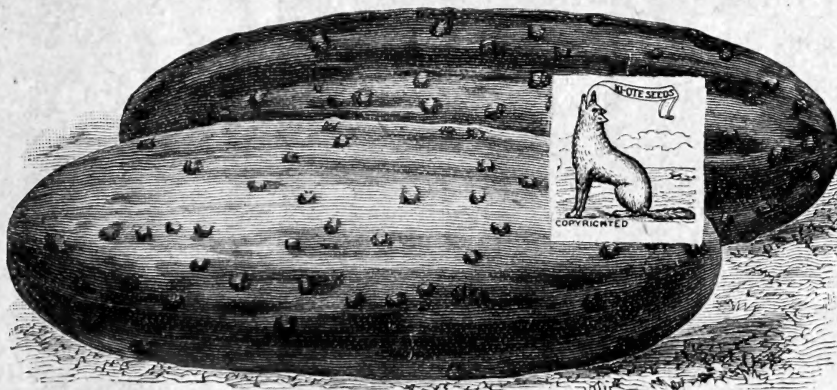
Imp'd Long Green. An old standard variety. The young fruit makes the finest of pickles. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

White Pearl. Does not get bitter like green sorts. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

White German. Free from bitterness and fine for exhibition purposes. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

Jerusalem Pickle (or Gherkin.) Very small, oval shaped prickly fruits. Used exclusively for pickling. Pkt. 5, oz. 20, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45, lb. \$1.00.

G. W. Brown, Day County, S. D.: The New Siberian beat them all by seven days.



NEW SIBERIAN CUCUMBERS.

Everbearing Prolific Pickle. The most valuable pickling cucumber that has ever been introduced. Will produce from 200 to 400 bushels per acre. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

Giant Pera. Flesh is white, crisp and tender, and free from all bitterness. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

Japanese Climbing. This variety is a great novelty. Vines grow about double the length of other varieties, climbing on fences, trellises or poles. Pkt. 5, oz. 20, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40, lb. 90.

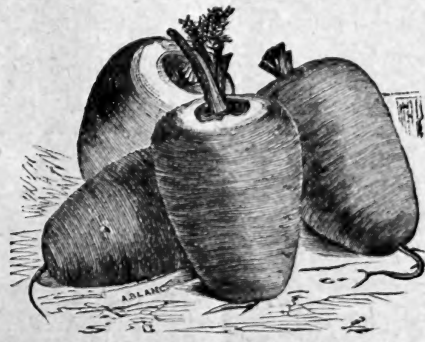
CARROTS.

NEW GIANT ORANGE.

In our New Giant Orange, we offer our customers the very largest, and by far the heaviest yielding Carrot that has ever been introduced. We know this to be a fact, for the very largest specimens of the carrot family which we have ever seen, were grown by Mr. H. Mayberg, of Minnehaha County, and exhibited at the South Dakota State Fair, winning easily the first premium offered by the State Board, also our special prize for the best dozen carrots. You can raise double the quantity of this wonderful variety, than of any other kind. Grows above ground enough to be easily harvested. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25, lb. 75.

OX HEART, OR GUERANDE.

Carries its thickness well down towards the bottom. Every carrot can be pulled easily by hand. Pkt. 5, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 65.



OX HEART, OR GUERANDE.

CARROTS—Continued.

Early Forcing. The earliest variety; globe shaped root of an orange red color. Pkt. 5, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

Early Scarlet Horn (or Short Horn.) Earlier than Long Orange, and is used for forcing. Pkt. 5, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

Chantenay. As a table variety is first-class. It is larger than the Scarlet Horn, and also broader at the shoulder. Pkt. 5, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 65.

Danver's Half Long. A beautiful Orange colored variety of excellent flavor. Pkt. 5, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 65.

Long Orange. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18, lb. 50.

White Belgian. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18, lb. 50.

ENDIVE.

Moss Curled. One of the very best for family use. Pkt. 4, oz. 12, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30, lb. \$1.00.

EGG PLANT.

Early Purple. The best in cultivation, being early, a sure cropper, and fine quality. Pkt. 5, oz. 20, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65.

NEST EGG GOURD.

Grows just the size and shape of an egg. Have a hard shell and last for years. Boys, you can make lots of pocket money by growing this gourd and selling them to your neighbors for nest eggs. Pkt. 5, oz. 20.

HERBS.

Thyme, Summer Savory, Dill, Caraway, Sage, Hoarhound, Sweet Marjoram, Coriander, Catnip. Above named sorts, pkt. 5, oz. 25.

Mixed Herbs. Thirty varieties mixed. Pkt. 5, oz. 20

KOHL RABI.

Turnip rooted cabbage. Pkt. 5, oz. 15, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45, lb. \$1.25.

LEEK.

For flavoring soups, etc. Both leaves and bulbs are used. Pkt. 5, oz. 15, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30, lb. \$1.00.

LETTUCE.

Early Prize Head. Color, reddish brown, being crisp and tender; remains so throughout the season. Pkt. 4, oz. 12, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25, lb. 70.

New York Market. Crisp, tender, and of excellent flavor, and free from bitterness. Pkt. 4, oz. 12, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25, lb. 70.

Improved Hanson. Tender, crisp, and delicious flavor. Pkt. 4, oz. 12, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25, lb. 70.

Boston Curled. A handsome and hardy fringed variety. Pkt. 4, oz. 12, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25, lb. 70.

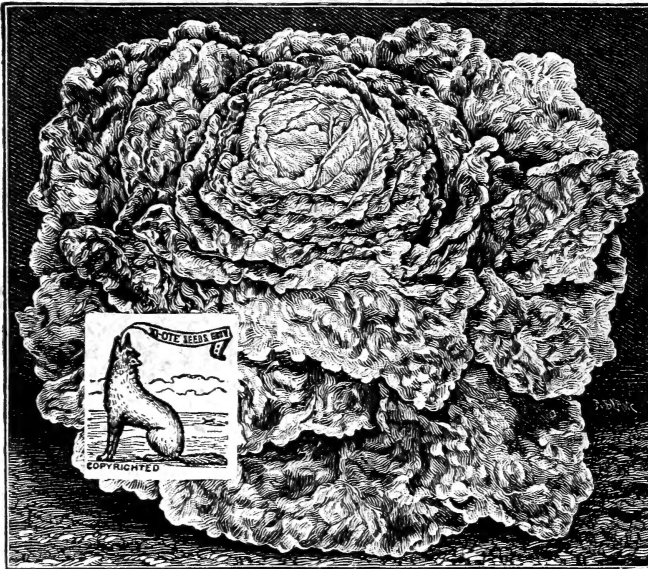
Grand Rapids Forcing. This grand new variety stands more neglect, will grow more weight on the same ground and will stand longer after matured, than other sorts. Pkt. 5, oz. 15, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35, lb. 80.

California Cream Butter. Forms round, solid heads; outside the heads are of a medium green; within the leaves are of a rich color, particularly rich and buttery to the taste. Pkt. 5, oz. 15, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35, lb. 80.

EARLIEST OF ALL LETTUCE.

We sent to other seed houses for their earliest varieties to try by the side of this, none of them proved as early by several days as our **EARLIEST OF ALL.** It is very crisp, yellow and tender, fine flavor, rich and nutty. One month later to go to seed than other varieties.

Pkt. 5, oz. 20, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45, lb. \$1.10.



OUR EARLIEST OF ALL LETTUCE.

MELONS.

(MUSK.)

Early Jenny Lind. An early green fleshed melon. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

Osage or Miller's Cream. Best, flesh salmon color, very thick, sweet, rind thin and finely netted. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

Montreal Market. Largely grown in the neighborhood of Montreal, Canada. Flesh thick and of splendid flavor. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

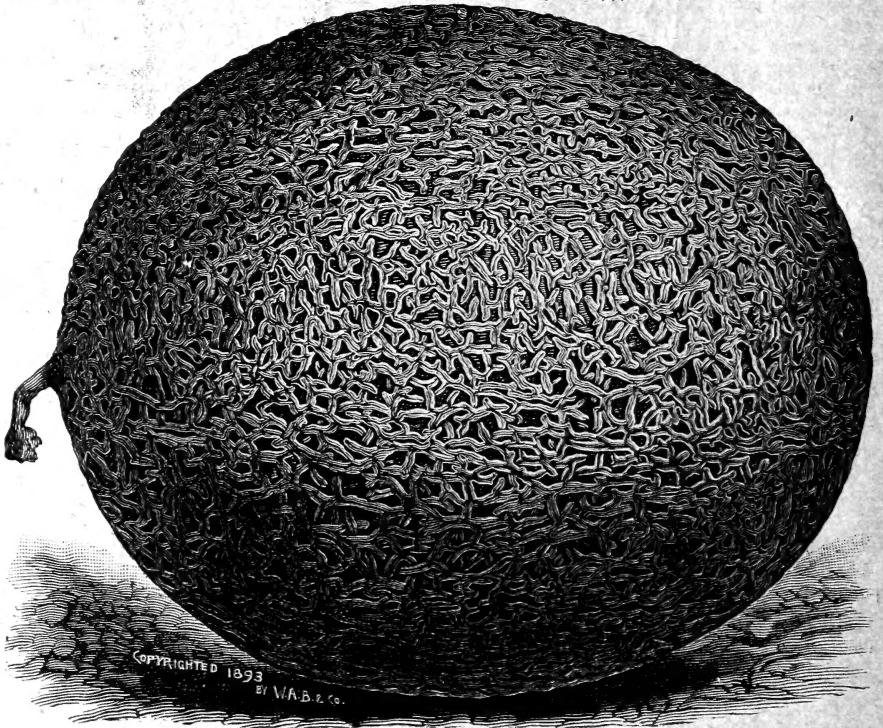
Prolific Netted Nutmeg. A profitable market variety. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

Emerald Gem. Color dark green, flesh thick and of a delicate salmon color. For table quality it ranks very high. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25, lb. 80.

MELROSE MELON.

A hardy, strong and vigorous grower, vines remaining green longer than any other variety. The melons are produced abundantly, and very close to the hill. Flesh thick and solid. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

Miss Minnie Hays, Yankton Co., S. D.: I like the Banana Melon the best.



MELROSE MELON.

MUSKMELONS—Continued.

BANANA.

This is decidedly the best flavored melon grown, shaped like a banana and just as delicious. For our own table the Banana Muskmelon has preference over all others for our own family will eat no other when they can get the Banana. Pkt. 8, oz. 10, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 65.

Walter Parrot, Clay Co., S. D.: Some of the richest families here will have nothing but the Banana Melon.

Bay View. Large size, weighing 12 to 15 pounds. Desirable for market gardeners. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

Shumway's Giant. A new melon of monstrous size, averaging 20 lbs. each. It ripens early, flesh salmon color, never stringy, and of very fine flavor. It is quite distinct from other melons. Pkt. 4, oz. 10, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25, lb. 75.

Yellow Cantaloupe. This is a very desirable variety to grow, being of a delicious flavor and very salable. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

WATERMELONS.

Phinney's Early. Very thin rind, flesh scarlet, sweet, and very early. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

Vick's Early. Prized for its earliness. Flesh pink, very solid and sweet. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

Kolb Gem. The flesh is bright red and of excellent flavor. One of the largest shipping melons ever introduced. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 55.

Kentucky Wonder. Skin dark green in stripes of light green, flesh sugary and very solid. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

GLORY OF ASIA.

This is the Earliest and Sweetest, ripening in latitudes where no other melon will. They are delicious beyond description. Flesh bright red, seeds dark and very small. Just the right size for market gardeners; about 10 lbs. Pkt. 5, oz. 15, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35, lb. 98.

DUKE JONES.

The new Duke Jones Watermelon is destined to supplant all other large varieties of melons, as it is the largest and most prolific in cultivation. Fine, rich, red flesh, without a hard core so often found in other melons. One of its desirable qualities claimed by the introducer is its extreme sweetness. Very early for a large melon, growing to enormous size. A fine shipper. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 75.

Mammoth Ironclad. Skin handsomely striped and flesh red, of most delicious rich, sugary flavor. The flesh next to the rind is equal to the heart in luscious taste. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

Mountain Sweet. Flesh red, solid, very sweet and of delicious flavor. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

THE DIXIE.

IN ALL our trials with Watermelons we have found none that can surpass the DIXIE for an all around melon. The

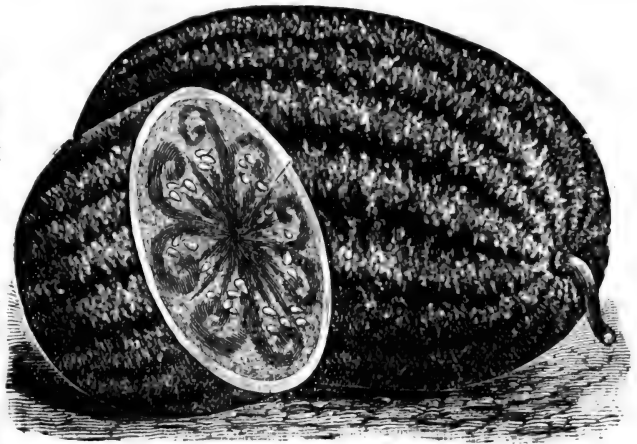
Sioux Falls melon growers say that when they bring a load of melons to town the DIXIE are always sold before any other varieties. The skin is dark green in color and beautifully striped, flesh deep red, very sweet, tender and juicy. Many buyers object to a light seed melon, thinking they are not fully ripe, but with the dark seed DIXIE they are highly pleased. They are almost as early as Phinney's, Vicks or

EXTRA EARLY GRAND RAPIDS.

THIS is without doubt the earliest Muskmelon ever introduced and is just the melon for the Dakotas and Northern Minnesota. A yellow fleshed sort; therefore people are not afraid to buy them for fear they are not ripe, as a child can tell ripe from green ones. They are ready for market before any other variety and being of good size they command a higher price. Flavor is good, flesh thick and very attractive in appearance. It is undoubtedly a money maker and every one should try it, especially every melon grower should plant it for their first sales. Pkt. 8, oz. 15, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35, lb. 98.

MANGO MELON.

Vegetable Orange, or Vine Peach. For sweet pickles, pies or preserves, has no equal. Resembles an orange in shape and size, flesh snow white. Pkt. 5, oz. 30.



GLORY OF ASIA.

Fordhook's Early, while they are larger and more delicious. For our own table we give the DIXIE preference over all others. It is a heavy setter of fruit, being strong and vigorous in growth, with the valuable characteristic of rooting at almost every joint, thereby increasing the duration of the vines. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

CITRON.

Colorado Preserving. It makes beautiful, clear, transparent preserves of perfect flavor. Very productive. Green seeds. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15, lb. 45.

Red Seed. Round, flesh white and solid. Pkt. 4, oz. 10, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 55.

MUSTARD.

White or Brown. Excellent for salads, either variety. Pkt. 3, oz. 7, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15, lb. 40; by freight, 25 lbs. \$5.50, 100 lbs. \$17.75.

CHOICE FRESH ONION SEED.

ONION GROWERS have been able to get much better prices for their 1896 crop than for the 1895, and those who grow Onions in 1897 will still get higher prices yet, as produce of all kinds is bringing better prices; and besides that, the Onion crop will be greatly neglected this year in the Northwest, as farmers will go wild over raising wheat, but it is to be hoped that enough gardeners will take hold of this valuable crop to raise enough for the farmers who insist on growing wheat, that they will not have to be shipped in, as is usually the case. If you were to look up one side of the earth and down the other side, you would not find better Onion Seed than ours. You can find plenty of seedsmen who will charge you higher prices, but you will not get better seed; and in most instances you will not get as good.

Dakota grown Onion Seed beats them all. Send us your order.

EXTRA EARLY FLAT RED.

Earlier than the World-beater Wethersfield or Yellow Globe Danvers, makes a heavy yield of good sized onions and is especially adapted to growing in latitudes where it is hard to ripen onions. Pkt. 5, oz. 12, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30, lb. \$1.15.

KING OF THE EARLIEST ONION.

This is the most magnificent Early Onion in cultivation. They are just the kind to grow for early market, as they always come in when onions are a high price. They are a very heavy cropper of extra fine quality. OUR KING OF THE EARLIEST is the most profitable onion in the world to grow especially for market. Pkt. 5, oz. 15, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40, lb. \$1.35.

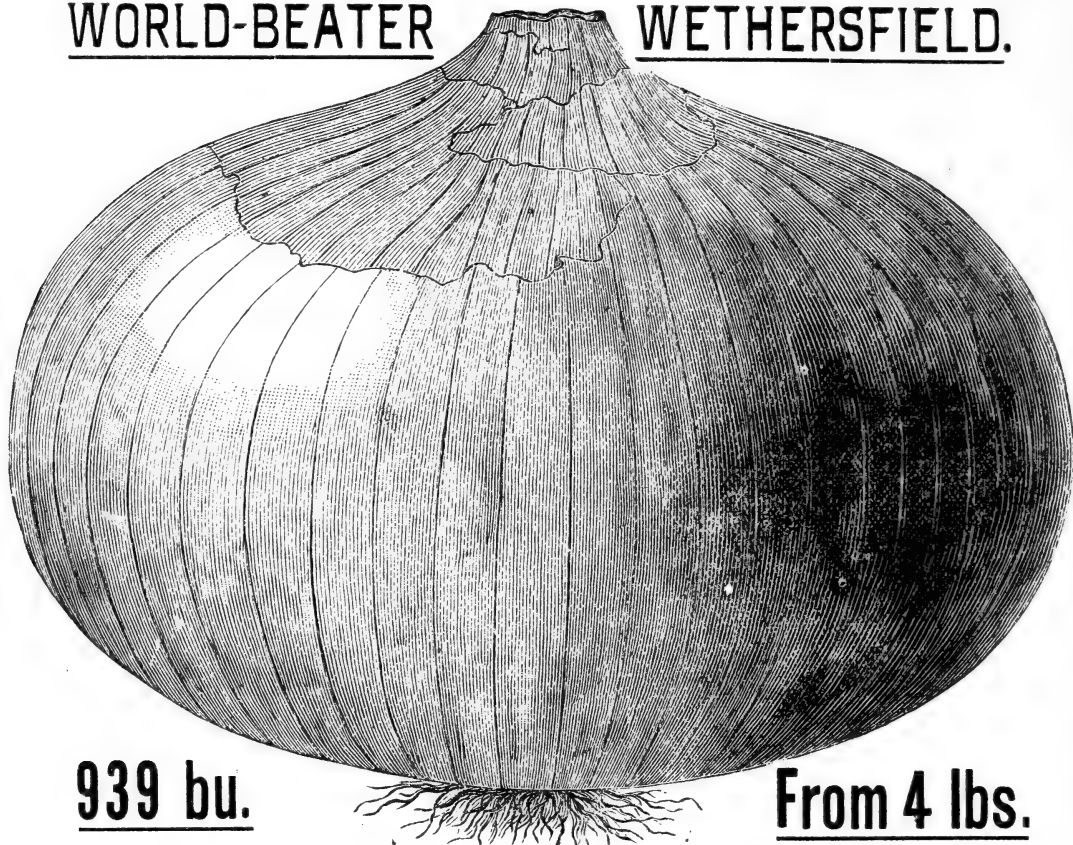
White Silverskin or White Portugal. Skin silvery white, of handsome appearance; highly esteemed for pickling when young, also for market in early winter. Pkt. 5, oz. 25, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 70, lb. \$2.50.

Giant Silver King. The Giant Silver King grows to a most remarkable size. The skin is a beautiful silvery white. So sweet and tender is the flesh that it can be eaten raw, like an apple. Pkt. 5, oz. 20, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50, lb. \$1.85.

Mammoth Prize Taker. It is globe shaped, with bright straw colored skin; the necks are small. An excellent keeper and exceedingly fine flavor. Onions weighing five-pounds have been grown from seed the first year. Pkt. 5, oz. 20, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50, lb. \$1.85.

WORLD-BEATER

WETHERSFIELD.



939 bu.

From 4 lbs.

WORLD-BEATER RED WETHERSFIELD.

IN this strain of Wethersfield we have the finest red Onion grown. It is without doubt the largest and heaviest yielder of any other strain. We mean just what we say, for it has proved itself far ahead of all others. Why, just think of it! 939 bu. from 4 lbs. of seed without any fertilizer or irrigation whatever. That is the way to make onions pay. Plant good seed, get the very best to be had and your experience will be the same as Mr. D. A. Scott's, 939 bu. from 4 lbs. of seed. Our seed is the very hardiest, strongest and surest of any. Grown north of us in this state it possesses greater vitality than any other.

Mr. A. C. Collins, Market Gardener says: I got 2 lbs. of your World-beater Wethersfield at the same time I sent to a Philadelphia seed house and got 2 lbs. of their Wethersfield. I had one-third more onions from your World-beater Wethersfield than I had from their's. I sowed them side by side and your seed was so good I had to thin them while the others were not thick enough. Farmers in the cold northwest cannot afford to plant onion seed grown in Europe at any price. We are the only seedsmen that grow their onion seed in this section of the country, so in order to get seeds of strong vitality buy of us and you will be sure to get the very best. Taking into consideration the quality of our seeds our prices are the lowest of any house in the United States. From every direction comes grand reports of our World-beater beating all other Red Onions. Magnificent market onions and wonderfully prolific, always taking the premiums at the fairs. Very mild and delicious flavor. Pkt. 5, oz. 12, ¼ lb. 30, lb. 98, 4 lbs. enough for 1 acre, \$3.80, postpaid.

White Globe. Large, firm, fine grained, of mild flavor and a good keeper; yields abundantly, producing handsome and uniform shaped bulbs. Pkt. 5, oz. 20, ¼ lb. 60, lb. \$2.25.

Large Red Globe. Its fine shape and color, combined with its excellent keeping qualities, is bringing this to the front. Pkt. 5, oz. 15, ¼ lb. 45, lb. \$1.40.

White Pickling or Barletta. A small white onion grown extensively for pickling. Should be planted very thickly to secure best results for pickling purposes. Pkt. 5, oz. 15, ¼ lb. 45, lb. \$1.50.

New White Queen. A very early white onion grown mostly for bunching and sells well on the market. Pkt. 5, oz. 20, ¼ lb. 50, lb. \$1.60.

ONION SETS.

(When one variety is exhausted we reserve the right to ship another, unless ordered not to do so. Onion sets will not be sent until danger of freezing is over. If onion sets are ordered by the quart, to be sent by freight with other seeds, deduct 10 cents per quart for postage.)

Egyptian or Perennial Tree. When once set out will come up year after year and grow very rapidly. Very fine for table use. Qt. 25, postpaid; by freight, pk. 75, ½ bu. \$1.40, bu. \$2.75.

Dakota Gem. These are a top or bottom set, that produces a large onion early in the season when onions are scarce and prices are high. Qt. 35, postpaid; by freight, pk. \$1.35, bu. (of 28 lbs.) \$4.50.

Potato Sets. This variety does not form large bulbs, but produces a large cluster of small onions. Qt. 25, postpaid; by freight, pk. 80, ½ bu. \$1.50, bu. \$2.90.

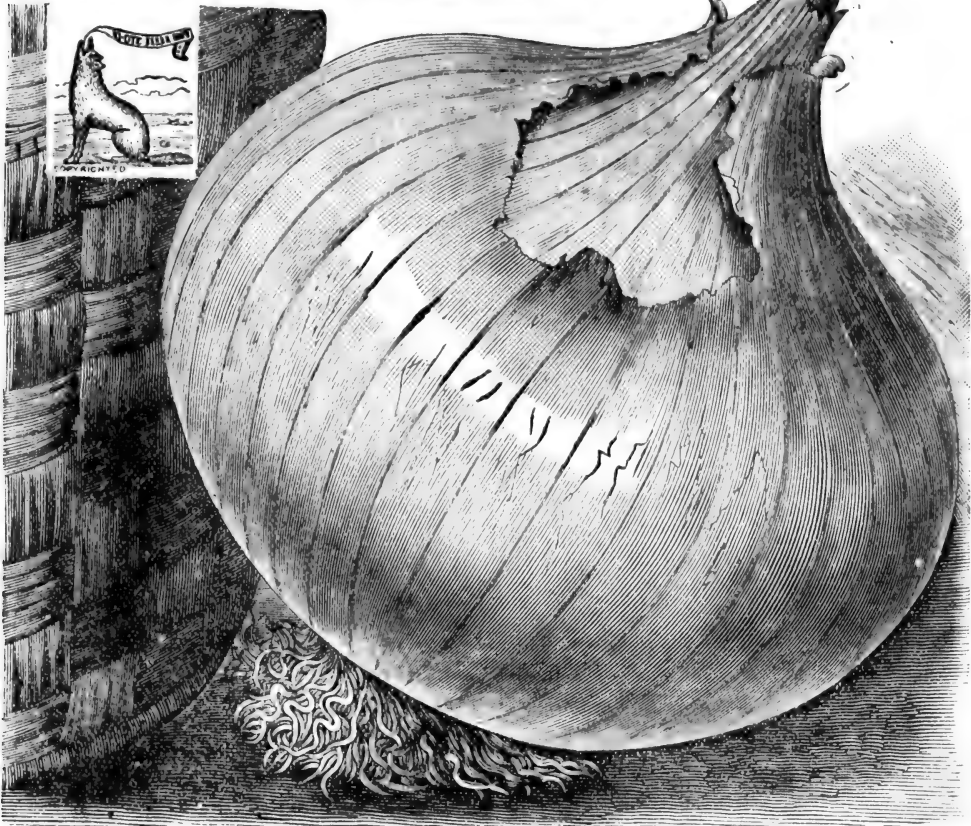
Red Bottom Sets. Produced from our World-beater Red Wethersfield seed, by sowing very thickly producing a small bulb the first year and when planted makes very early onions, and if allowed to stand makes very large onions. Qt. 25, postpaid; by freight, pk. 95, ½ bu. \$1.65, bu. \$3.00.

Yellow Bottom Sets. Grown from the Yellow Globe Danvers seed, in same manner as the red, and used for the same purposes. Qt. 25, postpaid; by freight, pk. 95, ½ bu. \$1.65, bu. \$3.00.

White Bottom Sets. Grown from our Silverskin seed and used as the red and yellow. Very fine for table and market. Qt. 30, postpaid; by freight, pk. \$1, ½ bu. \$1.75, bu. \$3.25.

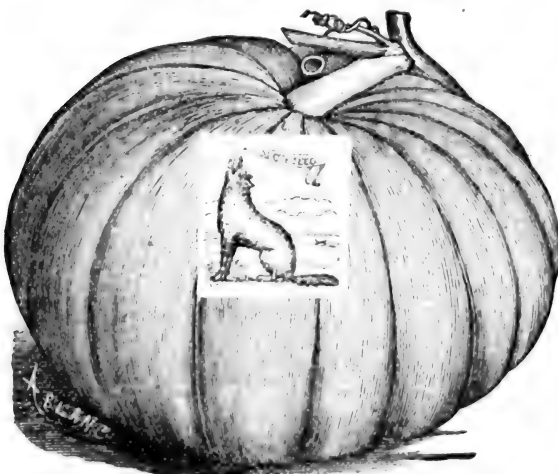
C. O. Olson, Davison County, S. D.: I have tried for seven years to grow onions and never had a good crop until I bought my seed of you. I must say my crop of World-beater Wethersfield was immense. Such fine onions I never saw.

OUR YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS



This popular variety is one of the best general purpose onions; pronounced by growers everywhere as being the best strain in cultivation. Very early, large size, and surest to bottom of any other onion. The very best keeper to be found. A remarkable heavy cropper and good seller. Mr. D. A. Scott of Minnehaha County, S. D., raised 625 bushels of our Yellow Globe Danvers from only 2 lbs. of seed, which, we believe has never been beaten by anyone. It is surely a record breaker. This variety is earlier than our World-beater Wethersfield, and is therefore an excellent kind to plant where the seasons are short. Pkt. 5, oz. 12, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30, lb. 98, 4 lbs., enough for one acre, \$3.80, postpaid.

PUMPKINS.



LARGE CHEESE.

Excellent for pies and family use; fine grained, very sweet and solid. Very productive and a good market variety. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 50.

Sweet Potato. Has no equal for making pies and custards. Flesh thick; hardy and productive, and keeps sound until spring. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

Dunkard winter. A rich, deep orange, lightly striped. The flesh is very thick. Have been kept for a period of two years in perfect condition. Pkt. 5, oz. 12, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25, lb. 75.

Sweet or Sugar. Skin a deep orange yellow. It is very fine grained, sweet and sugary, and keeps well. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20, lb. 60.

Mammoth King or Potiron. The largest yet grown. Flesh salmon colored. Good for table use or cattle. Pkt. 5, oz. 12, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25, lb. 75.

Common or Connecticut Field. One of the best for field culture. Can be grown with corn. Largely used for winter feeding. Pkt. 3, oz. 7, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18, lb. 38.

PARSLEY.

Moss Curled. Very fine and curled. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18, lb. 50.

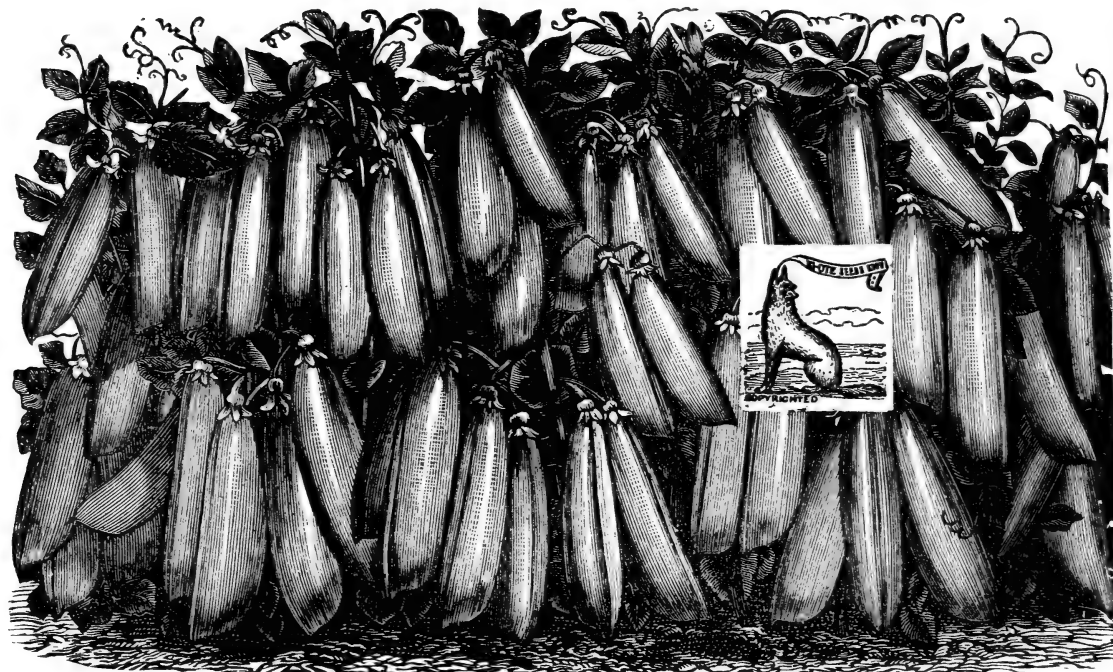
PARSNIPS.

Impr'vd Guernsey, Half Long or Delmonico. A very fine cropper. Roots, very smooth, flesh fine grained and of excellent quality. Easily gathered. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18, lb. 50.

Improved Crown. Roots do not grow as long as the old hollow crown, are of larger diameter and more easily gathered. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18, lb. 50.

DON'T BUY The small packets of Peas, Beans and Sweet Corn, as the quantity is so small that it fails to make enough to properly fertilize, therefore is likely to be unsatisfactory. A half pint is little enough for the smallest garden.

PEAS.



NOTT'S EXCELSIOR.

This is the earliest wrinkled pea in cultivation, being a good bearer, containing pods of from 7" to 9 large, luscious peas. They are packed so close that the peas are flattened against each other. In quality they are equal to the Little Gem, but being so much earlier and the pods one-third larger, it outyields that variety from 20 to 30 per cent. Very dwarf variety, requiring no sticking. Pkt. 5, ½ pt. 15, pt. 25, qt. 45, postpaid; by freight, pk. \$1.50, bu. \$5.50.

KI-OTE SEED CO'S EARLIEST AND BEST.

In our Earliest and Best, we have a pea that has no superior in earliness, ripening uniformly, which makes them the very best MARKET GARDENERS' pea in cultivation, as ninety per cent can be picked at first picking. Are of a half dwarf, therefore do not require sticking. Pkt. 5, ½ pt. 12, pt. 20, qt. 35, postpaid; by freight, pk. \$1.10, bu. \$3.90.

American Wonder. Very dwarf and early, good for family use. Pkt. 5, ½ pt. 12, pt. 20, qt. 35, postpaid; by freight, pk. \$1.30, bu. \$4.25.

Little Gem. Very early, dwarf, green wrinkled; quality excellent. It needs no support and bears abundantly. Pods good size. Pkt. 5, ½ pt. 12, pt. 20, qt. 35, postpaid; by freight, pk. \$1.20, bu. \$3.85.

Early May. The earliest wrinkled pea in cultivation except Nott's Excelsior. The pods are large and with from 6 to 10 very sweet, delicious peas. Bears abundantly. Dwarf; needs no sticking. Pkt. 5, ½ pt. 12, pt. 20, qt. 35, postpaid; by freight, pk. \$1.25, bu. \$4.15.

The following three excellent half wrinkled varieties are, pkt. 5, ½ pt. 12, pt. 20, qt. 35, postpaid; by freight, pk. \$1.05, bu. \$3.75.

Philadelphia Extra Early. An extra early sort; very prolific.

Improved Dan'l O'Rourke. A popular market variety; pods well filled.

Rural New Yorker. Early and of most even growth and maturity.

Yorkshire Hero. Pods long and well filled with very large, delicious, green wrinkled peas of extra fine quality; magnificent for late or main crop. This pea is grown by the Sioux Falls Market Gardeners and always brings a good price. Pkt. 5, ½ pt. 12, pt. 20, qt. 35, postpaid; pk. \$1.30, bu. \$4.25.

Telephone. This excellent pea is large, green, wrinkled and of the very best quality. When Market Gardeners place them upon the market their customers want no other and if they do not plant heavily of the Telephone they find it hard to sell any other kind. Pkt. 5, ½ pt. 12, pt. 20, qt. 35, postpaid; by freight, pk. \$1.30, bu. \$4.25.

Burpee's Profusion. This noted pea is so large and sweet that they are in continual demand by the housewife, and as a medium early wrinkled sort, they are the leading variety for main crop. The pods are borne profusely, and many large peas in a pod. Pkt. 5, ½ pt. 15, pt. 25, qt. 38, postpaid; by freight, pk. \$1.40, bu. \$4.90.

Champion of England. This is a standard, well tried wrinkled variety. Seeds large, green, wrinkled. Pkt. 5, ½ pt. 12, pt. 20, qt. 35, postpaid; by freight, pk. \$1.05, bu. \$3.25.

Gray Sugar. There is considerable demand, especially among Germans for edible podded peas, which are cooked pod and all like wax beans. The pod has the taste and flavor of the peas and is very sweet and nice. Pkt. 5, ½ pt. 12, pt. 20, qt. 35, postpaid; by freight, pk. 90, bu. \$3.25.

Large Marrowfat. Cultivated extensively in both garden and field. We have both the Black Eyed and White kinds. Either sort, pkt. 5, ½ pt. 10, pt. 18, qt. 30, postpaid; by freight, pk. 75, bu. \$2.25.

Canada Green Field. This is the variety so largely grown for field crop in Canada. Pk. 60, bu. \$1.75, 2½ bu. \$3.95.

Canada Field. An excellent field variety. Pk. 55, bu. \$1.65, 2½ bu. \$3.75.

PEPPER.

Coral Gem Boquet. This is the finest of the small sized varieties. Pkt. 5, oz. 20, ¼ lb. 60.

Large Bell, or Bullnose. Very large, glossy red. Pkt. 5, oz. 20, ¼ lb. 60.

Golden Dawn. Color, golden yellow. Shape, like the Large Bell. It is sweet and not the least bit strong or fiery. Pkt. 5, oz. 20, ¼ lb. 60.

Cayenne. Used for pickles, and making pepper sauce. Pkt. 5, oz. 20, ¼ lb. 60.

New Celestial. The peppers when young, are delicate creamy yellow, and ripen to a vivid scarlet. Pkt. 5, oz. 20, ¼ lb. 60.

RADISHES.

White Strasburg, or All Year Round. Grows quickly, is crisp, and retains its excellent qualities throughout intense heat or cold; large size. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, ¼ lb. 18, lb. 50.

China Rose Winter. Rose color, shading to white. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, ¼ lb. 20, lb. 55.

Round Spanish Winter. Grows to a good size, solid, very appetizing. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, ¼ lb. 20, lb. 55.

Long Spanish Winter. Dark color, large size and firm texture. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, ¼ lb. 20, lb. 55.

OUR EARLY ELECTRIC RADISH.

We are always searching for the EARLIEST and BEST of everything, and we can assure our customers that our "Early Electric" is the EARLIEST and BEST radish in cultivation. Tops very small, color red. Very tender and crisp; quick growth and mild flavor. Our market gardeners won't have anything else for FIRST EARLY. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, ¼ lb. 25, lb. 75.

Rosy Gem or Rosy Morn. Deep scarlet top, white at the tip; tender, crisp and delicious, being fit to pull in 15 to 20 days from sowing. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, ¼ lb. 18, lb. 50.

Early Scarlet Turnip or Early Bird. Deep scarlet, small top variety, of quick growth. This is largely planted for first early. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, ¼ lb. 18, lb. 50.

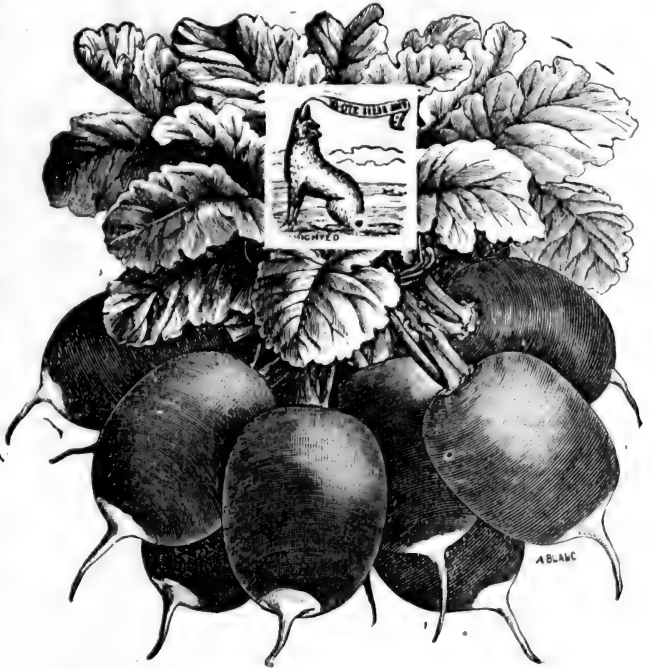
French Breakfast. Olive shaped, small top, quick growth, crisp and tender. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, ¼ lb. 18, lb. 50.

Philadelphia White Box. Short top, rapid growth, very crisp and solid. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, ¼ lb. 18, lb. 50.

Long Scarlet Short Top. A very fine, long radish, brittle, crisp, quick growth. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, ¼ lb. 18, lb. 50.

Chartier, or Shepherd. Is early and remains crisp from 4 to 6 weeks after they are ready for use; deep pink at the top, shading to white. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, ¼ lb. 18, lb. 50.

California Mammoth Winter. Grows the largest of any winter variety. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, ¼ lb. 20, lb. 55.



OUR EARLY ELECTRIC RADISH.

RHUBARB.

(OR PIE PLANT.)

Large Victoria. Mammoth size and very tender. Pkt. 4, oz. 15, ¼ lb. 40.

SAGE.

Large Leaved. Excellent for seasoning. Pkt. 5, oz. 18, ¼ lb. 40.

SALSIFY.

(VEGETABLE OYSTER.)

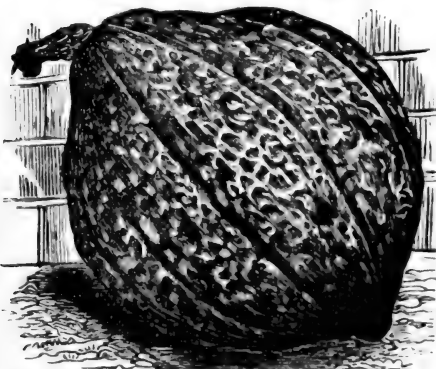
Mammoth Sandwich Island. Enormous size, pure white, very tender and delicious. Pkt. 5, oz. 15, ¼ lb. 35, lb. \$1.20.

Long White French. Grows to a good size and is delicious. Pkt. 4, oz. 12, ¼ lb. 28, lb. 68.

SPINACH.

New Long Standing. The best variety for spring sowing, as it stands two weeks longer than any other sort before running to seed. Pkt. 3, oz. 8, ¼ lb. 18, lb. 35.

SQUASHES.



KI-OTE SEED CO.'S IMPROVED HUBBARD.

There has never yet been a squash that has been as popular as the Hubbard and ever since its introduction it has been improved

until now we have a strain that far surpasses any other. The common strain seldom ever attains a weight of 20 pounds and never over 25 pounds. We have now in our store window a true Hubbard weighing 37 pounds and 13 ounces. While this strain is very large the flesh is very fine grained and very sweet, which makes it all the more desirable and very salable. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, ¼ lb. 18, lb. 55.

Marblehead. Very fine grained, sweet and delicious. Pkt. 5, oz. 8, ¼ lb. 18, lb. 55.

Early Bush or Patty Pan. Extra early, very productive and sells well. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, ¼ lb. 18, lb. 50.

Early Summer Crookneck. Next in earliness to early bush, larger and more desirable. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, ¼ lb. 18, lb. 50.

Giant Crookneck. Almost as early as Summer Crookneck and twice as large, making it very salable. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, ¼ lb. 18, lb. 45.

Perfect Gem. Fine for fall and winter; fine grained, dry, sweet and rich in flavor. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, ¼ lb. 18, lb. 50.

Orange Narrow or Boston Narrow. A good fall sort, as large as the Hubbard, flesh very thick, fine grained, and of choice quality. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, ¼ lb. 18, lb. 50.

Sibley or Pike's Peak. A most excellent winter squash; long keeper. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, ¼ lb. 18, lb. 50.

Pineapple. The flavor of this winter squash resembles a coconut, very desirable for making pies. Pkt. 4, oz. 10, ¼ lb. 20, lb. 60.

Der Wing. A splendid winter keeper; very hard shell. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, ¼ lb. 20, lb. 60.

MAMMOTH PRIZE SQUASH.

This is the most mammoth in size of any squash that has ever been originated. We now offer seed taken from specimens weighing from 125 to 148 pounds, and if you want to raise the biggest squashes you ever saw, order our Prize Mammoth. If you want to take the premiums at your County or State Fair, order the Prize Mammoth. Fine for cooking or feeding stock. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, ¼ lb. 25, lb. 75.

SLUG SHOT IS A DEAD SHOT ON SQUASH BUGS.

No one should try to raise squashes without first laying in a good supply of SLUG SHOT. You know that when Squash Bugs come, they come "like a thief in the night," and as thick as hail, and if there is not something done quick the vines are ruined. The wise gardener will keep on hand a few pounds of this invaluable Bug-Slayer, and when Mr. Bug goes to pay his respects to the vines Mr. Gardener pays his respects to Mr. Bug, by sifting a little SLUG SHOT in his eyes and sending him where all hum-bugs ought to go.

TOMATOES.

Dwarf Champion.

Next in earliness to the New Imperial and has always been planted by the Dakota Gardeners for main crop, very dwarf habit and good bearers. Pkt. 5, oz. 20, 1-4 lb. 55, lb. \$1.50.

Mammoth Tree.

The largest and tallest Tomato grown. Rich red, few seeds and very solid. Pkt. 3, oz. 25, 1-4 lb. 60, lb. \$1.85.

Turner Hybrid or Mikado. Very large, smooth, very thick through and very solid, color red. Pkt. 4, oz. 20, 1-4 lb. 50, lb. \$1.65.

The Peach Tomato.

Color deep rose with a delicate furze like a peach and of an agreeable flavor. Pkt. 4, oz. 18, 1-4 lb. 50.

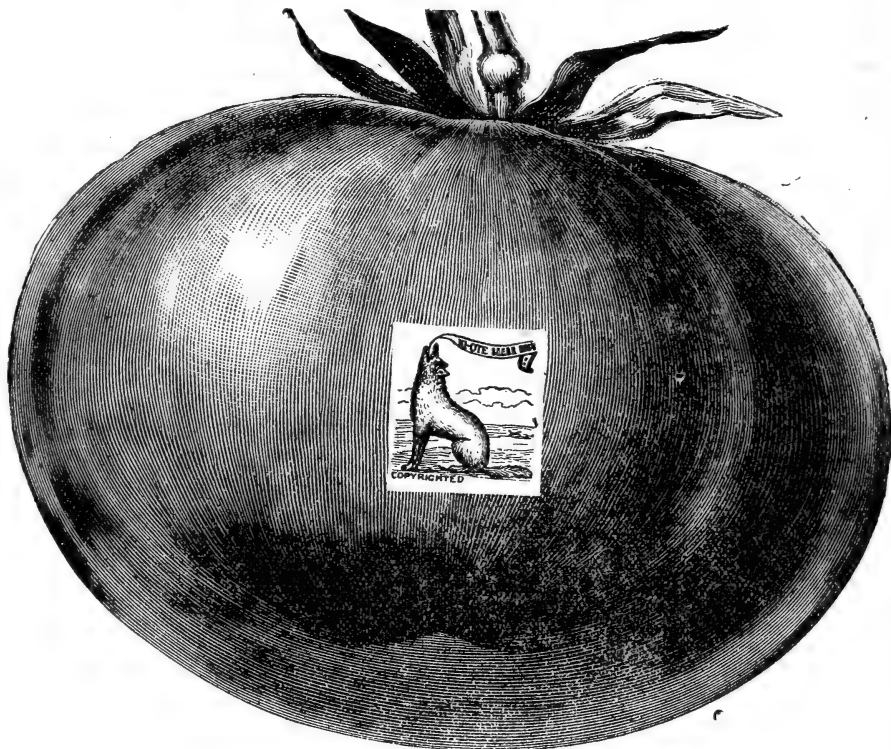
Early Mayflower.

One of the quickest ripening, glossy red tomatoes. Pkt. 4, oz. 18, 1-4 lb. 50, lb. \$1.65.

Livingston's Beauty. Glossy crimson color, and is free from rot. Pkt. 4, oz. 18, 1-4 lb. 45, lb. \$1.60.

Golden Glory. Large golden yellow, and extra fine for preserves. Pkt. 4, oz. 18, 1-4 lb. 45, lb. \$1.60.

Livingston's Favorite. Ripens evenly and early, bright red, flesh solid. Pkt. 4, oz. 18, 1-4 lb. 50, lb. \$1.60.



NEW IMPERIAL TOMATO.

For several years we have been trying to find a tomato earlier than the Dwarf Champion, but never found one until last year, and that was the **New Imperial**. Mr. A. A. Halladay, the originator of this Extra Early Tomato, says:

"I found among my Dwarf Champion Tomato plants one plant that was entirely distinct from that variety. I kept it separate from the others, and was surprised to find perfectly ripe fruit on this plant several days before the ripe specimens appeared on the Champions that were planted on the same day. The fruit on this new plant seemed entirely different and far superior to any I had previously seen. It being perfectly smooth ripened evenly to the stem, and in color between the Champion and Beauty. It was also the most productive tomato I had ever seen. I saved the seed from one tomato only that season, and have since by careful selections of the stock seed improved it each season, until to-day I claim the New Imperial Tomato is the earliest, handsomest, smoothest, most solid and most productive tomato in the world. In my trials of all the leading varieties so-called best and earliest, this new tomato has always come out ahead from 10 to 22 days in ripening. I claim and believe that this is the earliest perfectly smooth tomato in cultivation, and that it will produce more and better fruit than any variety known. My field of these tomatoes has been the wonder of all who have seen it, and with good reason, for I believe that there never was so many tomatoes ever grown before on the same amount of ground."

It was our pleasure to view the finest field of tomatoes we ever saw in South Dakota of this wonderful variety grown by Mr. A. C. Collins in this county and the vines were literally loaded down by uniformly large, smooth, ripe tomatoes. He had planted the Dwarf Champion by the side of them and they are not to be compared for earliness or productiveness. The New Imperial will ripen farther north than the Dwarf Champion. Our seed is true and fine as it was grown by the Originator. Now friends, if you want the earliest large tomato (and all Dakota people want the earliest) don't fail to order a pkt. of the New Imperial. Pkt. 10, 3 pkts. 25, oz. 45, 1/4 lb. \$1.50.

Red Cherry. Fine for pickling and preserves. Ripens ahead of any other variety. Pkt. 4, oz. 20, 1-4 lb. 50.

STRAWBERRY, OR GROUND CHERRY TOMATO.

Grows in a husk, and may be kept all winter if the husks are not removed. Is generally used for preserves. Pkt. 5, oz. 30, 1-4 lb. 70.

Yellow Plum. Clear yellow, splendid for preserves. Pkt. 4, oz. 18, 1-4 lb. 50.

Pear Shaped. Of excellent flavor for preserving. Pkt. 4, oz. 18, 1-4 lb. 50.

TOBACCO.

Connecticut Seed Leaf. A very large, fine veined variety, and the best kind for planting in the Northwest. Pkt. 5, oz. 25, 1-4 lb. 75.

"NEW SIBERIAN MILLET."—STILL THEY COME.

James Ferrell, Dodge County, Wis. Among other seeds, I got a little packet of your New Siberian Millet last spring, and I sowed it in a little bed to itself, and although the chickens eat it off after it came up, it grew to beat anything. I got 5 pounds of seed from it that I would not take \$5.00 for. In fact I could get that for it.

D. L. Goble, Franklin County, Mo. My neighbors got badly excited over the packet of New Siberian Millet I ordered of you last spring, as it outstripped anything we ever saw. It is a great hay millet, having such an abundant foliage. You will get a big trade on it from here.

F. L. Smith, King County, Wash. We Washington farmers have never seen the equal of your New Siberian Millet. I must say that it beats all other kinds that has ever been raised in Washington. I can make up an order in my neighborhood for 100 bushels of it.

D. W. Allen, Columbia County, Oregon: In making out my order for seeds last spring, I included a little packet of New Siberian Millet, which both my neighbors and myself think is ahead of any other kinds of millet we have ever yet grown. It is "out of sight" for hay, and just think of it, I got 7 pounds of seed from that small packet.

L. C. McClure, Boise County, Idaho: As a usual thing I am not much on experimenting with "new varieties," but I must say that the New Siberian Millet I ordered of you last spring, turned out to be the greatest thing that ever struck Idaho. It solves the hay problem for this state.

F. Faulkner, Grand Forks County, N. D.: Your New Siberian Millet beats anything for fodder I ever saw, and it ripens so early that it will mature here, so we can raise our own seed. My neighbors all want to get seed of you.

OUR MAMMOTH SIBERIAN RUTABAGAS ARE THE FINEST YOU EVER SAW.

TURNIPS.

Turnips and Rutabagas are a crop of inestimable value to the farmers who are raising stock. They increase the flow of milk greatly, and are a diet that puts stock in a healthy and growing condition. They are splendid for sheep, and where sheep are fed on them during the winter you don't have to pay any attention to watering them. All thrifty, well-to-do farmers will sow a good acreage of Turnips and Rutabagas the coming season.

O. A. Smith, Wright County, Minn.: Your seeds have given me another year of satisfaction, being true to name and yielding productive crops.

Clinton M. Smith, Day County, S. D.: The seeds I bought from you were first-class.

TURNIPS.

EARLY SIX WEEKS. Very early, but soon becomes pithy. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, 1-4 lb. 15, lb. 55.

PURPLE TOP STRAP LEAF. Fine grained and good quality. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, 1-4 lb. 15, lb. 50.

YELLOW ABERDEEN. Are tender and sugary, very solid. Pkt. 4, oz. 10, 1-4 lb. 18, lb. 55.

SALZER'S MILK, or WHITE GLOBE. Grows very large, sweet and juicy; flesh solid; enormous cropper and is good for stock. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, 1-4 lb. 15, lb. 50.

RUTABAGAS.

SKIRVING'S PURPLE TOP RUTABAGA. An improved yellow variety of large size. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, 1-4 lb. 15, lb. 40.

DAKOTA GEM RUTABAGA. This is one of the very finest yellow Rutabagas ever grown. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, 1-4 lb. 15, lb. 40.

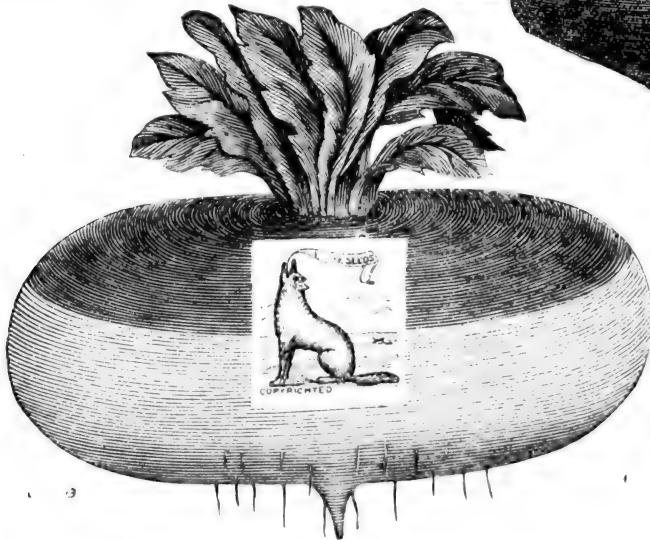


L. H. Wheeler, Rapid City, S. D.: I never before saw such fine Rutabagas as your Mammoth Siberian. I never saw such a crop of roots grow on the same amount of ground as I raised last year of this wonderful variety. My neighbors were amazed at the yield.

MAMMOTH SIBERIAN RUTABAGAS.

It is with much satisfaction that we again offer the Mammoth Siberian Rutabaga to our customers. We have full confidence in its being the very best strain there is in existence, and our sales on it last season were simply immense. This variety grows to an immense size, fine uniform shape, smooth yellow flesh, root very small, short neck, and withal the very finest and heaviest cropper in cultivation. Rutabagas are one of the best roots to grow for stock that there is, and should be raised by the acre, by every farmer in the Northwest. Our Mammoth Siberian is just what you want. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, 1/4 lb. 18, lb. 50.

WHITE SWEET GERMAN RUTABAGA. Large size, oval form and very solid and sweet. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, 1-4 lb. 15, lb. 50.



MAMMOTH WHITE STRAP LEAF.

Dakota has the reputation of growing the largest and finest turnips of any state in the Union, and in the Mammoth White Strap Leaf we have a variety that can't be beat, either for table use or stock feeding. Fine keeper. Excellent quality, sweet, juicy and tender. Enormous cropper, sells well in the market, and always takes the prize. Pkt. 4, oz. 8, 1-4 lb. 15, lb. 50.

FLOWERS.



**Selection
OF
ALL**

**THE BEST
NEW SWEET PEAS**

Mary Covell, Yankton Co., S. D.: I had the loveliest sweet peas from those I got of you I ever had.

Minnie Flose, Fulton Co., Ill.: I wish you could have seen my sweet peas. Such loads of flowers and so many different colors.

Jennie Wells, Rock Co., Ia.: My sweet peas and pansies were beautiful.

Carrie West, Pipestone Co., Minn.: I had the nicest flowers from seed I got of you I ever saw. My sweet peas were admired by every one.

Mrs. Edna Scott, Steele Co., N. D.: You should see my house plants that I grew from the seeds I bought of you. My abutilons are handsome.

Edith La Grace, Clay Co., Minn.: My carnations are now in bloom and they are praised by all the neighbors.

Everybody loves the Sweet Pea on account of their fragrance and the varieties we list are those marked "**Very Good**" in the Bulletin of the experimental station of N. Y.

(No. 1.) **BUTTERFLY** (Blue Edged). White laced with lavender. One of the prettiest and very profuse bloomer. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, 1-4 lb. 25.

(No. 2.) **BOREATON**. Very fine dark variety, with immense flowers, borne in great profusion. Color, red, mahogany and maroon. Very beautiful. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, 1-4 lb. 25.

(No. 3.) **BLANCHE FERRY** (Improved painted Lady). The earliest of all the Sweet Peas with very large Pink and White flowers. On account of its beauty, fragrance, earliness and profusion of bloom it is the most popular of all Sweet Peas. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, 1-4 lb. 25.

(No. 4.) **INDIGO KING**. A dark maroon purple shading to Indigo, very popular dark variety. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, 1-4 lb. 25.

(No. 5.) **COUNTESS OF RADNOR**. Very large flowers, lavender, blotched with redish purple, a lovely variety and one of the very best. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, 1-4 lb. 25.

EMILY HENDERSON. The favorite white Sweet Pea, early and profuse bloomer, very fragrant. Pkt. 5, oz. 10, 1-4 lb. 25.

LIGHT MIXTURE. This is many varieties of the light and delicate colors mixed together. Pkt. 4, oz. 3, 1-4 lb. 20.

DARK MIXTURE. This is many varieties of dark flowering Sweet Peas mixed together. Pkt. 4, oz. 3, 1-4 lb. 20.

ECKFORD'S MIXTURE. A very good assortment. Pkt. 3, oz. 5, 1-4 lb. 15, lb. 35.

NASTURTIIUMS.

(TOM THUMB OR DWARF VARIETIES.)

No flower garden is complete without Nasturtiums. The Dwarf or Tom Thumb do best in this section, as they are not easily hurt by the hot winds. Our mixtures embrace the named varieties.

EMPRESS OF INDIA. Flowers bright crimson. Pkt. 5, oz. 25.

PEARL. Creamery white, very pretty. Pkt. 5, oz. 25.

KING OF TOM THUMBS. Intense deep scarlet flowers, dark foliage, very handsome. Pkt. 5, oz. 25.

SPOTTED KING. All spotted, very choice. Pkt. 5, oz. 25.

ROSE. Very handsome and desirable. Pkt. 5, oz. 25.

DWARF TOM THUMB. All colors mixed. Pkt. 4, oz. 12, 1-4 lb. 40.

CARNATIONS.

CHOICEST GERMAN MIXED. Pkt. 5.

MOSS ROSE (PORTULACCA).

All colors, Single mixed, Pkt. 4; double, all colors mixed, Pkt. 8.

...PERENNIALS...

The following choice varieties are adapted for out-door planting but do equally as well when grown in the house. Each kind, Pkt. 5.

Abutilon (or Flowering Maple).
Feverfew (Pyrethrum).
Heliotrope.
Phlox (Perennial).
Sweet William.

Violet (Sweet).
Job's Tears.
Lantana.
Muskplant.
Nicotiana Affinis.

Oxalis.
Smilax.
Torenia.
Wall Flower.

NASTURTIIUMS. (CLIMBING.)

MADAM GUNTHER'S HYBRIDS. The finest mixture of climbing Nasturtiums in existence for large flowers, richness and variety of colors, freedom of bloom and handsomely marked foliage. It excels all other Nasturtiums. Pkt. 10, oz. 40, 1-4 lb. \$1.00.

MIXED VARIETIES. Grows from 8 to 12 ft. high. All colors mixed. Pkt. 4, oz. 12, 1-4 lb. 40.

....ANNUALS....

We list below a number of varieties of annuals suited for outdoor culture. These are very hardy and profuse bloomers, many of them all colors mixed. Each variety, pkt. 4 cents.

Allysum (sweet).
Antirrhinum (Snap Dragon).
Amaranthus.
Adonis (Pheasant's Eye).
Aster (Chinese).
Balsam (Lady Slipper, or Touch-me-not).
Bachelor Button.
Candytuft.
Coxcomb (Celosia).
Clarkia.
Chrysanthemum.
Centaurea.
Campanula (Bell Flower).
Castor Bean (Ricinus).
Convolvulus (Dwarf Morning Glory).

Eschscholtzia (California Poppy).
Euphorbia (Snow on the Mountain).
Four O'clock (Marvel of Peru).
Forget-me-not (Myosotis).
Godetia.
Golden Rod.
Helianthus (Double Sunflower).
Ice Plant (Mesembryanthemum).
Larkspur.
Mignonette (Reseda).
Marigold.
Mourning Bride (Scabiosa).
Moss Rose, single (Portulacca).
Mimulus (Monkey Flower).
Nemophelia.

Nigella (Love in a Mist).
Poppy.
Pink (Dianthus).
Pampas Grass.
Petunia.
Phlox Drummondii (Grandiflora).
Salvia (Scarlet Sage).
Stocks (Ten Weeks).
Statice (Lavender).
Spider Plant.
Salpiglossis.
Verbena.
Wild Rose (Beulah Weaver).
Zinnia.

→ CLIMBERS ←

We list below a number of quick climbers for running on porches, trellises, etc. They are of easy culture and do well in the cold Northwest. Each variety, pkt. 4 cents.

Balloon Vine (Puff Ball).
Canary Bird Flower.
Cypress Vine.

Flowering Bean (Dolichos).
Morning Glory (Tall). Oz. 12, 1-4 lb. 40.
Nasturtium (Tall). Oz. 12, 1-4 lb. 40.

Wild Cucumber. Oz. 15.
Mrs. Fanny Crosby, Dodge County, Neb.
The Nasturtiums I got of you are the most profuse bloomers I ever saw.

PANSIES.

Pansy seed will not germinate well when sown where exposed to the hot sun and drying winds.

IMPERIAL MIXED. This is one of the finest mixed strains of pansies ever put up by any seedsman in the country. It embraces all the self colors, and contains those with ground color, blotched violet, light yellow, large spotted, mottled, striped, chocolate, lilac, white, yellow, blue, black, and an almost endless variety of charming shades that cannot be procured in any other mixture of pansies. This is without doubt the best assortment of pansies ever put on the market. Flowers are large and bloom profusely. Pkt. only 5 cents, 6 pkts. 25 cents.

BABY CLEVELAND. Pure satiny white, yellow dot in center of flower. Especially adapted for cemetery planting. Pkt. 5 cents, 6 pkts. 25 cents.

YELLOW PRINCE. Large size, pure golden yellow color. Pkt. 5 cents.

GIANT TRIMARDEAU. Largest of any of the Pansy family. Flowers of the richest shades of color, and have given exceptionally favorable results. Pkt. 7 cents, 4 pkts. 25 cents.

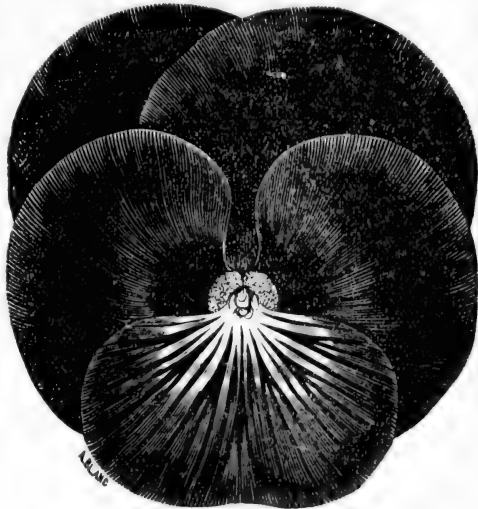
KING OF THE BLACKS. Flowers of immense size; color almost a velvety black. Pkt. 5 cents, 5 pkts. 20 cents.

FLOWER GARDEN MIXTURE.

Containing many varieties of flowers blooming the first season, making striking beds of continuous bloom. Pkt. 5 cents, 6 pkts. 25 cents.

HOLLYHOCK.

A stately flower loved by our grandmothers and coming into popular favor again. Very choice mixed, pkt. 5 cents.



GIANT TRIMARDEAU.

AGENTS WANTED.

We want a good energetic agent in every neighborhood to solicit orders for our seeds. You can make big money by devoting a few hours each day to this work, as it is easy work to sell them, our seeds being thoroughly advertised, and have given *universal satisfaction* wherever planted. Our "NEW SIBERIAN MILLET" and "DAKOTA SILVER BEARLESS BARLEY" will go like "hot cakes," and all you need to do to sell them is to just go out and show our Catalogue and talk them up. Ladies make splendid agents and can soon earn enough to buy a new sewing machine or a fine dress. A good, smart boy can soon make enough to get a new Bicycle, and a man with some snap to him can easily make from \$50 to \$100 per month. Write at once for confidential terms and full instructions to agents. Don't write unless you mean business; our time is valuable.

The German Coffee Berry.

THIS wonderful berry is a recent introduction from Germany, and is largely cultivated and highly prized there; also in Switzerland, France and Holland, where it is largely used in the hotels and restaurants. They mix it with Rio and other genuine coffees, and claim that a half mixture makes coffee equal to a good cup of Rio, thereby making a great saving in the cost of their coffee. It is also said to make a very healthy beverage, and many seem to prefer it to the genuine coffee. It is now being planted extensively throughout the United States, as its valuable merits are fast being found out; and it is predicted that in a few years it will almost entirely supersede coffee, as it is so much easier grown, and can be done so much cheaper. You will be surprised at the quantity you can raise from a pound of seed. Grows from 3 to 4½ feet in height; and should be planted quite early, as it takes about a full season to mature them. Its great value to the farmer lays in the fact that when ground it makes one of the most valuable crops for stockfeeding, and greatly increases the flow of milk. It is also said to be superior to clover for fertilizing the soil and for pasture, or for green fodder, of which it frequently yields 6 to 10 tons per acre. Plant in drills 3 feet apart, and about 1 foot apart in the row. Pkt. 10, 3 pkts. 25, ¼ lb. 40, lb. \$1.25, 4 lbs. \$4.00, postpaid.

Forest Trees and Tree Seeds.

NOTHING adds to the beauty and value of a farm so much as a nice grove of trees. While there have been drawbacks in tree planting in the past, on account of dry weather, we now have every assurance that we will have abundant moisture for years to come, as the droughts are now a thing of the past, and the whole country is soaked to a depth of several feet, which insures the success of tree planting. Save paying taxes on your homestead by planting trees on it. We have fine trees again this season that will please any who orders them.

We pack and box in a thorough and careful manner, and take great pains to have stock reach our customers quickly and in good condition. Our responsibility ceases when delivered to carriers.

Our No. 1 trees are the smaller size of one year old trees, and our No. 2 are the larger size of one year old trees.

Cottonwood, Box Elder or Ash, either variety, No. 1, per 100, 50c., 300 \$1.25, postpaid; by freight, 500 \$1.10, 1,000 \$2.00, 2,000 \$3.90, 5,000 or upwards at \$1.75 per 1,000.

No. 2, either variety, per 100 65c., 300 \$1.65, postpaid; by freight, 500 \$1.45, 1,000 \$2.75, 2,000 \$5.25, 5,000 or upwards at \$2.50 per 1,000.

Box Elder and Ash Seeds, either variety, lb. 25, postpaid; by express, 5 lbs. \$1.00. Plant 2 lbs. per acre.

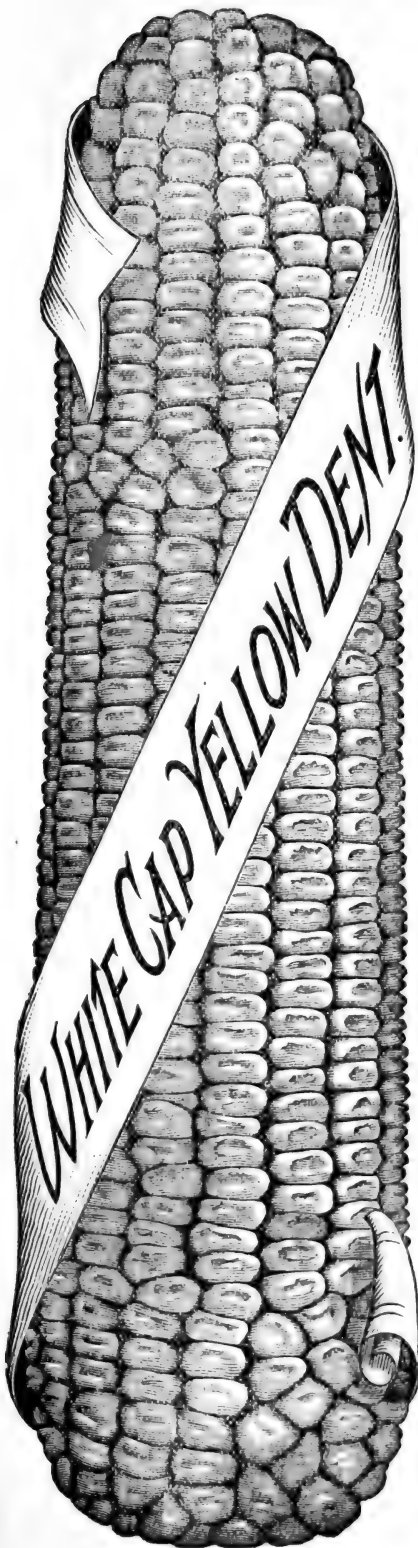
Black Locust or Honey Locust, either variety, pkt. 5, oz. 10, ¼ lb. 15, lb. 45.

SEEDS IN BULK.

We have arranged a "bulk list" for gardeners who buy in liberal quantities, and at these low prices the purchaser must pay freight or express charges on receipt of the seeds. We make no charge for bags, boxes or packing. We cannot fill orders for any less quantities than listed below. Nothing less than a pound or quart of any one variety:

BEETS.		L.B.			L.B.
Ki-Ote Seed Co's Early York	47		French Breakfast.....	42	
Early Eclipse.....	52		Philadelphia White Box.....	42	
Early Edmands.....	57		Long Scarlet Short Top.....	42	
Early Egyptian.....	52		Chartier or Shepherd.....	42	
Early Blood Turnip.....	52		White Strasburg.....	42	
Long Dark Blood.....	42		China Rose Winter.....	47	
SUGAR BEETS.			Round Spanish Winter.....	47	
Improved Imperial, 5 lbs. \$1.70.....	47		Long Spanish Winter.....	47	
MANGEL WURZELS.			California Mammoth Winter.....	47	
Eiffel Tower, 5 lbs. \$1.48.....	37		TURNIPS.		
Yellow Globe, 5 lbs. \$1.48.....	37		Mammoth White Strap Leaf	42	
CARROTS.			Early Six Weeks.....	47	
New Giant Orange	67		Purple Top Strap Leaf.....	42	
Ox Heart.....	57		Yellow Aberdeen.....	47	
Early Forcing.....	52		RUTABAGAS.		
Early Scarlet Horn.....	52		Mammoth Siberian	42	
Chantenay.....	57		Dakota Gem.....	32	
Danver's Half Long.....	57		Skirving's Purple Top.....	32	
Long Orange.....	42		White Sweet German.....	42	
White Belgian.....	42		BEANS.		
MUSKMELONS.			Ki-Ote Seed Co's Six Weeks.....	Qt.	Pk.
Extra Early Grand Rapids	90		Rust Proof Golden Wax.....	20	\$1.25
Early Jenny Lind.....	52		German Black Wax.....	23	1.48
Osage or Miller's Cream.....	52		Early Red Valentine.....	18	1.18
Montreal Market.....	52		Henderson's Bush Lima.....	25	1.35
Prolific Netted Nutmeg.....	52		Cut Short Corn Field.....	25	1.25
Emerald Gem.....	72		FIELD BEAN.		
Banana.....	57		Salzer's White Wonder	18	95
Melrose.....	52		Seed Navy.....	15	80
Bay View.....	52		PEAS.		
Shumway's Giant.....	67		Nott's Excelsior.....	30	1.50
Yellow Cantaloupe.....	52		Ki-Ote Seed Co's Earliest and Best.....	20	1.10
WATERMELONS.			American Wonder.....	20	1.30
Glory Of Asia	90		Little Gem.....	20	1.30
Phinney's Early.....	52		Early May.....	20	1.25
Vick's Early.....	52		Philadelphia Early.....	20	1.05
Kohlb.....	47		Improved Dan'l O'Rourke.....	20	1.05
Kentucky Wonder.....	52		Rural New Yorker.....	20	1.05
Duke Jones.....	67		Yorkshire Hero.....	20	1.30
Mammoth Ironclad.....	52		Telephone.....	20	1.30
Mountain Sweet.....	52		Burpee's Profusion.....	23	1.40
Dixie.....	52		Champion of England.....	20	1.05
ONIONS.			SWEET CORN.		
World-beater Wethersfield , 4 lbs. \$3.48.....	90		New White Cory	20	65
Yellow Globe Danvers, 4 lbs. \$3.48.....	90		Early Minnesota.....	20	65
Extra Early Flat Red.....	\$1.08		Country Gentleman.....	20	65
King of the Earliest.....	1.27		Perry's Hybrid.....	20	65
Large Red Globe.....	1.32		Hickox Canning.....	20	65
Giant Silver King.....	1.77		Stowell's Evergreen.....	20	65
White Silverskin.....	2.42		Evergreen Sweet Folder.....		48
White Globe.....	2.17		ONION SETS.		
White Pickling.....	1.42		Egyptian or Perennial Tree.....	15	75
New White Queen.....	1.52		Dakota Gem.....	25	1.35
RADISH.			Potato Sets.....	15	80
Our Early Electric	67		Red Bottom Sets.....	15	95
Rosy Gem.....	42		Yellow Bottom Sets.....	15	95
Early Scarlet Turnip.....	42		White Bottom Sets.....	20	1.00

TESTED SEED CORN.



Farmers, is there any fun in plowing, harrowing, rolling and planting your land to corn that won't grow? Or, if it does grow, and you spend a hard summer's work on it, have it killed by an early frost? No, there is no fun about either one, but on the contrary, it is humiliation and financial disaster. You should avoid being caught either way. Remember this: "Salzer" says; that "**Dakota Grown Seed Corn** is the **Best in the World**," and so say we. Now then, to be **sure** of getting Dakota Grown Seed Corn, buy it of Dakota Seedsmen, who, even if they don't **misrepresent** and exaggerate and distort, and blow about **sworn yields** of 110 bushels per acre, and try to make their customers believe if they plant seed bought of them, they can raise 160 bushels per acre; but who believe that there is no money in lying to our customers about our yields. Any farmer who has ever raised corn, knows full well that when a seedsman talks about his corn yielding 160 bushels per acre, or even 110 bushels, that he takes his customers for fools. We defy any eastern Seedsman, (or any other, for that matter) to produce a corn that will out yield ours in the northwest. They can out yield us on paper, but that is all. When you buy seed corn of us you get seed that has been **Thoroughly Tested** as to germination, and you take no chance whatever on it not growing. We discard all seed that will not show a test of 95 grains out of 100. When you can get tested seed at a cost of 15 cents per acre, what more do you want? Farmers, don't fool yourselves out of a crop by planting seed that has laid out in the field after the snow came, as it will be damaged and not fit for seed at all. We had late fall rains that kept it from drying out, then snows and sleet and freezing weather. Take no chances, but send direct to us and get seed that will grow.

NEW WHITE CAP YELLOW DENT.

This valuable new corn was first brought to our notice two years ago, that very dry season, by a farmer who had planted it; and although it was so dry that year that none of his neighbors raised any corn, he had a good crop of the New White Cap, and had plenty of excellent sound mature seed to sell in the fall. No other corn will produce so well on poor soil, and it is right at home on rich soil as well. It is a big yielder, it is early, it is a drought resister, it is a strong grower, it does not smut, it is deep grained, and therefore it shells out well.

Grows six to seven feet in height; stalks stiff; abundant foliage; large, fine ear, well filled to the tip, sixteen to eighteen rowed; small cob; grains large, deep; outer end of the grain white, deeply dented, balance of grain amber-yellow. Grains flat and set squarely together, solidly filling the entire surface of the ear. The ears ripen while the fodder is yet green, which allows it to be cut early, leaving valuable forage from the fodder.

We feel that the New White Cap Yellow Dent will give our customers entire satisfaction. We have excellent fine seed that will come up quick and make a strong growth.

After growing different varieties of merit, S. H. Todd, of Huron county, Ohio, the largest breeder of Chester White hogs in the world, says: "White Cap Yellow Dent beats them all. It is sure to yield me a crop of good, sound corn. It makes more bone and strength than any other corn, and I will grow no other sort." Mr. Todd took \$175.00 in prizes at the World's Fair on his hogs, is a large grower of corn, and his recommendation on this corn is honest and reliable.

John Gardar, Cherry Co., Neb.: "I raised one of the best crops of corn last year of the New White Cap Yellow Dent I ever raised in this county. It is the best variety to withstand drought I ever raised."

Ole Jensen, Union Co., S. D.: "My White Cap Yellow Dent Corn is the best variety I have ever grown in Dakota. It is very early, and yields heavy."

This valuable corn should be largely planted the coming spring, as it will yield *double* what your "run out" "mixed up" seed will. You can sell lots of it to your neighbors for seed, and make good money growing it in 1897. It can be successfully grown as far north as Redfield, and much farther of a favorable season. Lb. 28, 4 lbs. 95, postpaid; by freight, pk. 60, ½ bu. \$1.00, bu. \$1.75; 2½ bu. \$3.95, 5 bu. and upwards at \$1.50 per bu.

NORTH DAKOTA.

This variety is particularly adapted for growing where seasons are very short. It is a beautiful flint variety, a heavy yielder, and in the Canadian Northwest is eagerly sought after for ensilage purposes, yielding more tons of excellent fodder per acre than any other variety. Lb. 25, 4 lbs. 80, postpaid; by freight, pk. 50, ½ bu. 80, bu. \$1.35, 2½ bu. and upwards at \$1.25 per bu.

H. C. Rowe, Cherry County, Neb.: "I think the Siberian Millet seed produced more seed and hay in proportion to the amount sown than any other variety I have ever seen. All your seeds were excellent, and all done well here for the season."

DAKOTA GOLD MINE CORN.

Our Dakota Gold Mine Corn has stood the test again the past season, having given *universal satisfaction*. It has yielded enormously, as our prices for seed will prove. This is the corn for the Minnesota, the Iowa, the Nebraska and Southern South Dakota farmer to grow. Early enough to mature before frost, and large enough to produce a heavy yield. Good sized ears, small cob, very deep dent grains of fine golden yellow color. Strong stalks of good height, often bearing two large ears each. The Gold Mine is just the corn that the Northwestern farmers have been looking for these many years, as it is early, and yet large enough to make enormous yields. Farmers, don't plant any more old, run-out, mixed up seed, that will not give you a half yield, when at an expense of only about 15 cents per acre you can seed with our DAKOTA GOLD MINE.

Chas. Wentworth, Miner County, S. D.: I was well pleased with the Dakota Gold Mine Corn. The ears are immense and yield enormously.

Peter O'Neill, Davison County, S. D.: I had a splendid stand of corn from your Dakota Gold Mine. It is the tallest corn in the neighborhood and will outyield any other.

Mrs. Emma Wier, Charles Mix County, S. D.: My Dakota Gold Mine cornfield is wonderful. Such tall stalks and such long beautiful ears.

Our "Gold Mine" makes our customers happy, and could we spare the space, could give many more just as good as the above. Price, lb. 25, 4 lbs. 85, postpaid; by freight, pk. 55, ½ bu. 80, bu. \$1.35, 2½ bu. \$3.65, 5 bu. \$5.00.

EARLY STRAWBERRY, (or Calico).

This is one of the most profitable varieties of Dent Field Corn for the Northwest that has ever been grown here. It is the old fashioned striped and mottled kind. It grows to a good large size, and is one of the earliest varieties of dent corn in cultivation. It matures to perfection in this latitude, and we think it perfectly safe to plant as far north as Huron and Brookings. We have a strain of this excellent variety that is unsurpassed for earliness and size of ear, which was grown in this county, north of Sioux Falls, and which is first-class in every respect. The field from which our seed was selected looked just like a field of Illinois corn. Stalks 10 or 11 feet high, ears away up on the stalk, fully four feet from the ground and thoroughly ripe and sound before frost. This variety will stand more spring frosts, hot winds and drouth than any other corn in existence. And just think of it, only about 15 cents per acre expense to procure your seed of this valuable variety—seed that has been proved good, and tested.

Walter Brown, Miner County, S. D.: The Strawberry Corn is "out of sight." I wouldn't plant any other.

Jesse Turnbull, Lake County, S. D.: The Strawberry Corn has proved to be very early and the ears are very large for such an early kind.

Wm. Brown, Nobles County, Minn. I like the Strawberry Corn better than any of the seven sorts I tried. It is very early and will outyield most of the others, and besides it is surer of a crop.

George Tate, Lyons County, Iowa: Don't you want to buy some Strawberry Corn? My crop is nearly all good seed.

If you want the best general purpose corn in existence, one that will give you better satisfaction "year in and year out" than any other, just send along your order for our tested Strawberry. Lb. 25, 4 lbs. 75, postpaid; by freight, pk. 50, ½ bu. 75, bu. \$1.25, 2½ bu. \$2.75, 5 bu. \$5.00.

EARLY WHITE RUSTLER.

This is the earliest white dent corn in existence. The ears are good size, often two on a stalk, which grows to a good height and yields abundantly. This corn is largely grown in this county for feeding hogs and cattle. Our seed is slightly tinged with Gold Coin, which makes it much earlier.

Rob't. Stacy, Minnehaha County, S. D.: I would rather have one acre of White Rustler than two of Salzer's Wisconsin White Dent.

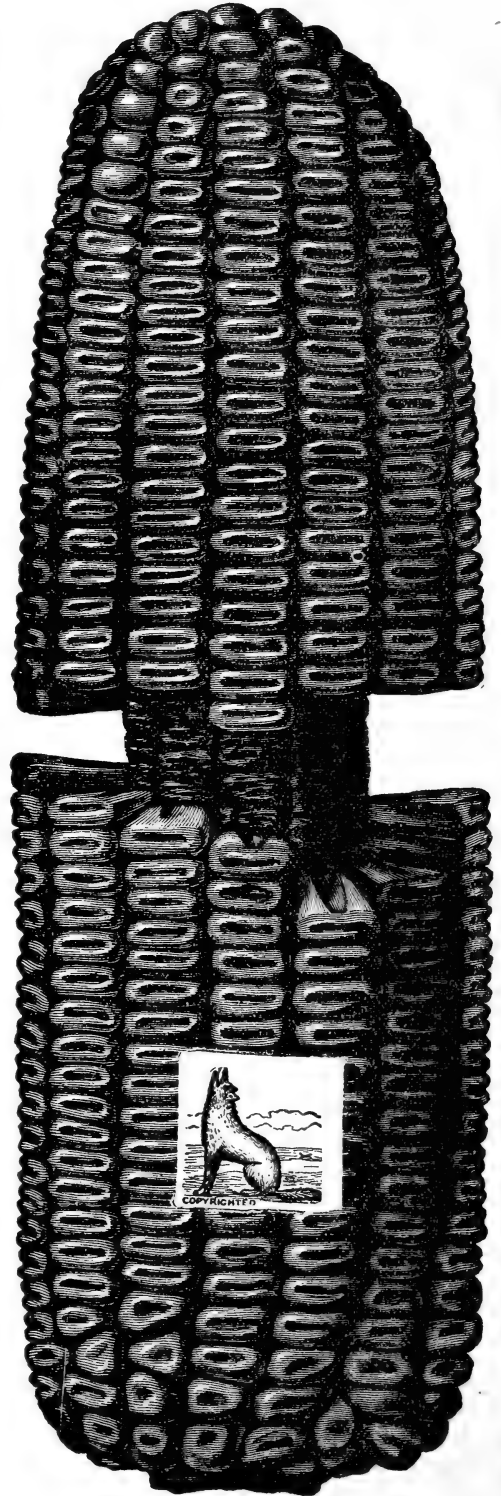
Price, lb. 25, postpaid; by freight, pk. 50, ½ bu. 75, bu. \$1.25, 2½ bu. \$2.75, 5 bu. \$5.

PRIDE OF THE NORTH.

This is a standard variety of early yellow dent corn, but not so prolific as our "White Cap Dent" nor so early as our "Dakota Gold Coin." Lb. 25, postpaid; by freight, Pk. 40, ½ bu. 65, bu. \$1.10.

EARLY CONQUEROR.

Ears average from 9 to 11 inches in length. The grain, which is of a rich, golden, reddish color, is of extraordinary width, averaging about one-half inch across. It seems to possess the peculiar characteristic of growing right along



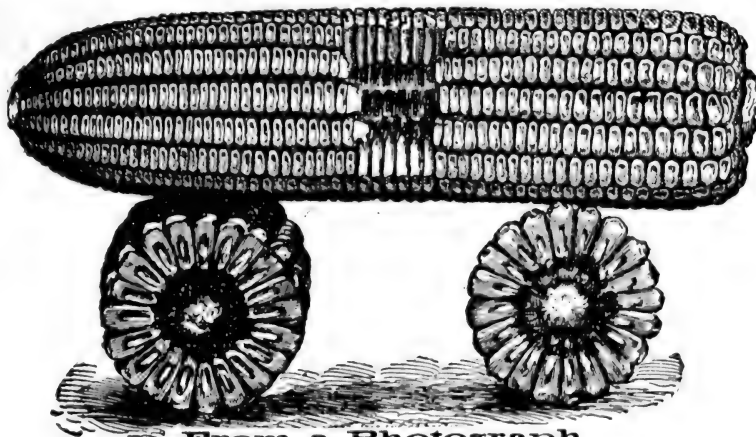
DAKOTA GOLD MINE.

and making a crop during weather and under conditions that ruin other varieties. Excellent for fodder and silage, as it yields an immense amount of fodder as compared with any other early maturing sort. Lb. 25, postpaid; by freight, pk. 55, ½ bu. 75, bu. \$1.30.

TESTED SEED CORN.



DAKOTA GOLD DOLLAR.



From a Photograph.

DAKOTA GOLD COIN.

Last season makes the 13th year that we have grown the Gold Coin, and we have never yet been able to find as early a dent corn as this. It grows up quick and strong, stalk grows to a good height, ears grow well up on the stalk and is very easy to husk. We could fill our catalogue with testimonials from farmers who have grown this corn for ten years past. This is the kind to plant in the north part of this state and in those portions of Nebraska where drought and hot winds are likely to strike. Rich, yellow golden color, very deep grain and small cob, and will shell more pounds of corn from 70 pounds of ears than any other variety. Lb. 25, 4 lbs. 80, postpaid; by freight, pk. 50, ½ bu. 80, bu. \$1.35, 2½ bu. or upwards at \$1.25 per bu.

DAKOTA GOLD DOLLAR.

This is without question the finest yellow flint corn to be found. Ears grow from 10 to 14 inches in length, beautiful gold color, and a wonderful heavy yielder of fine, large, sound ears. Just the variety to plant where seasons are short, and where dent corn will not ripen, as it is *Extremely Early*. Farmers, you can make gold dollars raising this variety. Lb. 25, 4 lbs. 80, postpaid; by freight, pk. 50, ½ bu. 80, bu. \$1.35, 2½ bu. and upwards at \$1.25 per bushel.

BROOM CORN.

EARLY JAPANESE. This is the earliest variety in cultivation, and the best for North-western planting. Lb. 25, 4 lbs. 80, postpaid; by freight, 10 lbs. \$1.00, 50 lbs. \$4.00, 100 lbs. \$6.00.

EVERGREEN. Rightfully named Evergreen, for the reason that the brush always remains green, even when dead ripe. Prices same as Early Japanese.

SUGAR CANE.

EARLY AMBER. This is the standard variety for the Northwest, as it is better adapted for short seasons and dry weather, being the earliest and very hardy. Plant in rows four feet apart at the rate of 5 lbs. per acre and cultivate like corn. Lb. 25, 4 lbs. 80, postpaid; by freight, 10 lbs. 65, 50 lbs. \$2.50, 100 lbs. \$4.00.

EARLY ORANGE. A very sweet, early variety, and very juicy. Prices same as Early Amber.

EARLY JAPANESE BUCKWHEAT.

We only handle one variety of Buckwheat, for the reason that there is only one variety that has given entire satisfaction in the Northwest, and that is the Early Japanese. This is the very earliest variety in the world, and the very best yielder. The berry is double the size of any other, while for milling purposes it cannot be excelled. Sow 25 lbs. per acre. Lb. 25, 4 lbs. 80, postpaid; by freight, 25 lbs. 95, 50 lbs. \$1.75, 100 lbs. or upward at \$3.25 per 100.

MAMMOTH RUSSIAN SUNFLOWER.

This is a very valuable crop to grow, as they not only make excellent fuel, but also the very best of chicken feed. Horses also relish the seed and a horse that is feed on them will be healthy and have a fine glossy coat. Lb. 25, 5 lbs. (for one acre) 98, postpaid; by freight, 5 lbs. 60, 10 lbs. \$1.00.

MAMMOTH WHITE ARTICHOKE.

Every farmer who raises hogs should plant Artichokes, as they are an excellent feed and said to be a sure preventative of cholera and other diseases. Plant 3 bu. per acre; cut like potatoes. Lb. 25, 4 lbs. 80, postpaid; by freight, pk. 55, bu. \$1.45.

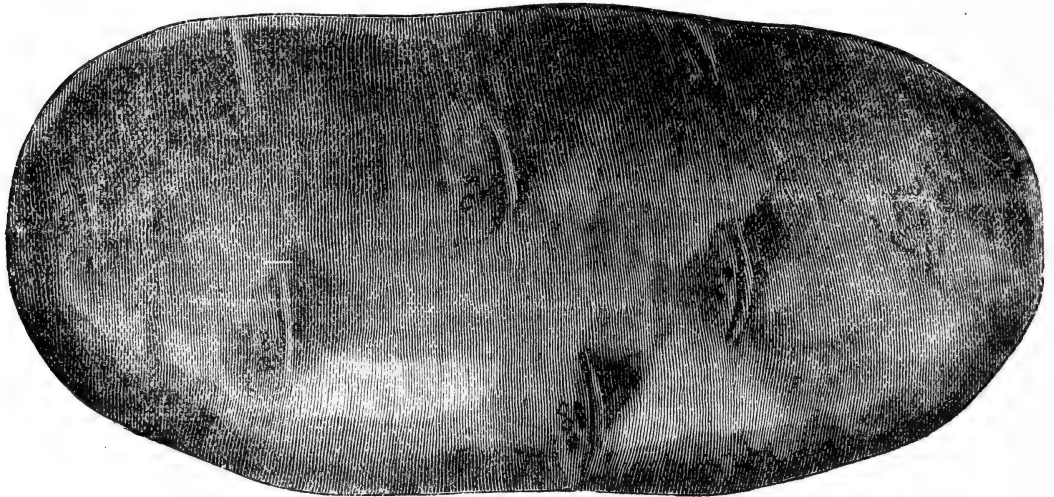
SALZER'S MARVEL SPRING WHEAT.

We have not yet been able to discover any noticeable difference between this wheat and the Blue Stein, further than being an improved strain. Does not run absolutely pure, as all hybrid wheats are inclined to show parent wheats. It is a prolific yielder and will pay a handsome profit in growing it. A fine milling variety. Farmers, you will be surprised to note the difference in your crop if you will sow this variety. Bu. \$1.50, 2½ bu. \$3.65, 10 bu. or upwards at \$1.40 per bushel.

....NORTHERN GROWN SEED POTATOES....

GROWN WITHOUT IRRIGATION.

It is an ignorant seedsman indeed, who has not yet learned that a *Northern Grown Seed Potato* is worth doubly more than one grown as far south as Southern Iowa, but you will notice that they *all* advertise *Northern Grown Seed Potatoes*, and if you will examine the catalogues carefully, you will notice that there is only about one seedsman in the whole lot who tells *where* their seed was grown, and he emphasizes the fact that his are grown in *South Dakota*. However, you will note that he keeps "mum" about his seed being *grown exclusively by irrigation*, as his land is located in a portion of the state where irrigation is necessary. But anyone who has experimented with *irrigated seed potatoes*, knows, without any question of doubt whatever, that they are almost *entirely worthless* for seeding purposes, as they run to vine, setting but few potatoes and those of a very inferior quality, while the potato that has been grown without being "water-soaked" is solid, hardy and robust, and will therefore produce a strong, stocky, hardy vine that will withstand drouth and produce an abundant crop of tubers of a good quality. Now then, if you really want *genuine Dakota Grown Seed Potatoes*, and those grown *without a drop of artificial irrigation*, send your order direct to us, and *get what you pay for*. Potatoes cannot be shipped until danger of freezing weather is over.



THE STANLEY POTATO.

Another year's trial of the Stanley Potato has confirmed all we have said as to its many good qualities. It is an extremely early potato, some of our customers saying they were a week to ten days earlier than the Early Ohio, and that they will outyield that variety. The Stanley is a better eating potato than the Ohio, being more mealy and not so strong. The vines are very vigorous, hardy, and have great drought-resisting properties. In fact, we have seen the Stanley make a good crop when other kinds were not large enough to dig. Our Stanley's took both First and Second premiums at the South Dakota State Fair, as best "Early Variety," and best "New Variety," in competition with such varieties as Early Ohio, Salzer's Earliest, Salzer's King of the Earliest, Salzer's Prize Taker, Salzer's Hundred Fold, Salzer's Ironclad, Lightning Express, Six Weeks Market, Early Cyclone, Harvest King, and many other varieties. On account of space we can give but two or three of the letters we have received testifying to the great yield and earliness of this magnificent potato:

Jas. A. Wayland, McDonough County, Ill.: I received the Stanley Potatoes late and planted them by the side of the Early Ohio on the same day. They ripened ahead of the Early Ohio's about two weeks and yielded about twice as much. I saved them all and am going to try them again this coming year. I think they will be just the thing for early potatoes. I know it would pay for Illinois people to get seed potatoes from Dakota, as those you sent me were the finest I ever saw.

Willis Coyle, Henry County, Iowa: The Stanley Potatoes took the lead again this year. They are just the potato for this state.

Jacob Ryan, Martin County, Minn.: The seeds I got of you gave good satisfaction, especially the Stanley Potatoes. They were earlier and outyielded any of the other five kinds I tried.

Price, by freight, Pk. 40, ½ bu. 70, bu. \$1.15, bbl. \$2.98.

EARLY FREEMAN POTATO.

There is probably no potato that has been more widely advertised than the Freeman. The first two years that we grew this variety we had poor success with them, but the two past seasons they exceeded all expectations, until now we consider them among the very best early potatoes grown. Are very early, good quality, and very few small potatoes. We have no hesitancy in recommending the Early Freeman, for our trials has proven it to be especially adapted to our soil and climate, as the vines are very vigorous and hardy. Price, pk. 40, ½ bu. 70, bu. \$1.15, bbl. \$2.98.

RURAL NEW YORKER, No. 2.

This originated on the experimental grounds of the *Rural New Yorker*, where more than 500 varieties have been tested practically during the past twelve years, and it proves the largest yielder of any. Large and unusually smooth, with few and shallow eyes; skin is white, as is the flesh, which is of superior quality. Medium late and best drouth resister. Price: By freight, pk. 40, ½ bu. 70, bu. \$1.15, bbl. \$2.98.

BURPEE'S EXTRA EARLY POTATO.

This is also a very early variety and one of the best yielders. Are several days earlier than the Early Ohio, and a better yielder. Flesh pure white and very fine grained. Grows very compact in the hill. Good for early market. The vines are vigorous growers and yield good sized, very early potatoes. Price: By freight, pk. 40, ½ bu. 70, bu. \$1.15, bbl. \$2.98.

EARLY OHIO POTATO.

This is the standard early market potato, grown more extensively in the Northwest than any other variety. Our seed of this kind is very choice, full of vigor and strong vitality, and will make double the yield that southern or eastern grown seed will. Price: By freight, pk. 40, ½ bu. 70, bu. \$1.15, bbl. \$2.98.

EARLY SIX WEEKS MARKET.

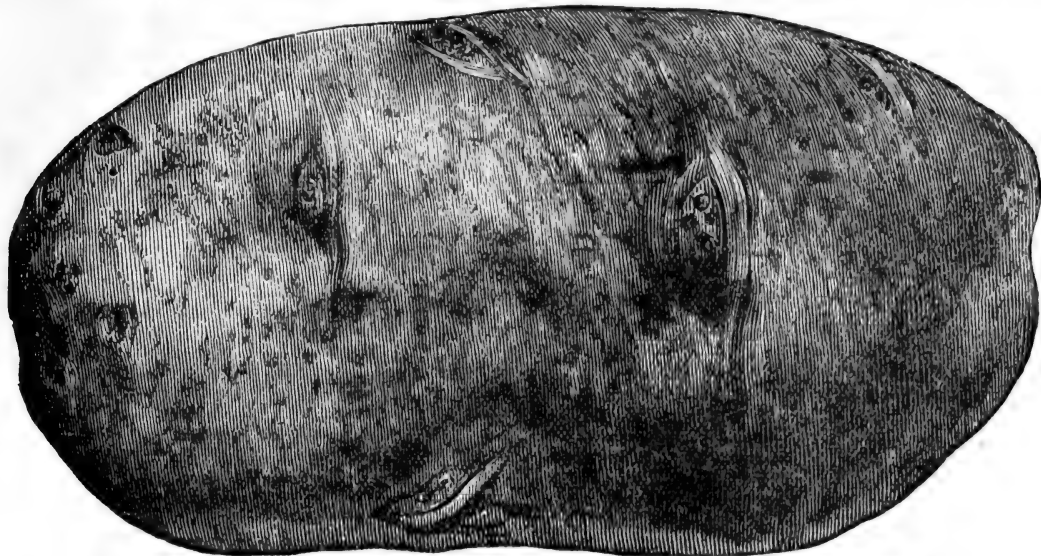
This is a very early splendid quality potato, and is planted extensively for first early market. Price: By freight, pk. 40, ½ bu. 70, bu. \$1.15, bbl. \$2.98.

EARLY VAUGHAN POTATO.

We must say that our crop of Vaughans have proven to be most satisfactory the two past seasons. We found them very early, an immense yielder, and an excellent quality. You can't miss on the Early Vaughans, as they are earlier than the Early Ohios and withstand drouth better. Price: By freight, pk. 40, ½ bu. 70, bu. \$1.15, bbl. \$2.98.

SALZER'S HUNDRED FOLD.

This is the variety for a general late crop, yielding away up in hundreds. Grand keepers, and fine table and market potato. Eyes almost even with the surface. Beautiful white skin. Price: By freight, pk. 40, ½ bu. 70, bu. \$1.15, bbl. \$2.98.



NEW EARLY MAYFLOWER POTATO.

This grand new potato was first brought to our notice in the spring of 1893, by one of Codrington County's most enterprising potato growers, who had noticed growing in a field of Early Ohio's the year before a hill seemingly entirely distinct from the others, coming through the ground several days in advance of the Ohio's and outstripping them throughout the growing season to the extent that this hill bloomed ten days before any hill in the field, and was ripe, fully matured and the vine dried up before the Ohio's were done growing. They were not only *ten days earlier*, but he found when digging time came that this hill made *double the quantity* that any adjoining hill made. We were fortunate in securing this seed and we have now tested them thoroughly for the past four seasons and we find them to be the most magnificent potato we have ever seen. We offered them for the first time last year in limited quantities, and our customers who bought them were amazed at the results. As to earliness, yield and excellent qualities they cannot be excelled by any other kind. We do not claim they will make potatoes in 25 days (no potato ever did), but we do say that they are the earliest, best yielding, hardest, most vigorous, very mealy potato that has ever been grown. Now farmers, if you want to make money, and we believe you do, plant one barrel of our EARLY MAYFLOWER POTATOES and you will sell all the seed you raise to your neighbors. One barrel under favorable conditions ought to yield 130 or 140 bushels, and even at \$1.00 per bushel you will have \$140. We can only give space to what a few of those who have tried the EARLY MAYFLOWER have to say about it:

E. Mannix, Cherry County, Neb.: The Mayflower Potato is away ahead of the 17 other varieties I planted at the same time.

John Ruston, Lac qui Parle County, Minn.: I paid \$1.00 for 1 lb. of Salzer's King of the Earliest and \$1.00 for 1 peck of the Mayflower and planted them side by side, and the Mayflower was ready to use nine days before Salzer's King of the Earliest, and as they are a much larger potato they will outyield the others three to one.

If those who bought them last year were so well pleased with them, those who buy them this year will like them just as well. Thirty-five eyes, 40c; 105 eyes, \$1.00, postpaid; by freight, pk. 75, ½ bu. \$1.35, bu. \$2.25, barrel, \$5.50.

Wm. Lisbon, Burleigh County, N. D.: The Mayflower potato I got of you was splendid. It is the earliest potato I ever saw.

Geo. Hicks, Rock County, Iowa: I had 20 acres of potatoes and the Mayflower done the best and was the earliest of the eleven kinds I planted.

Henry Somerville, Brown County, S. D.: The Mayflower Potato is immense for earliness and yield, also excellent for cooking.

POTATO EYES BY MAIL.

We now have an improved and scientific method of cutting, packing and sending by mail, *prepaid*, to any address in the United States or Canada, potato eyes, which we know our customers will greatly appreciate, as the cost of sending pounds or whole potatoes by express is often more than the cost of the seed. They are not cut until ready for shipment, and are packed in a way to reach our customers fresh and in fine condition.

35 eyes New Early Mayflower.....	40c.
35 eyes Stanley.....	30c.
35 eyes Early Freeman.....	30c.
35 eyes Early Vaughan.....	30c.
35 eyes Burpee's Extra Early.....	30c.

35 eyes Early Ohio.....	30c.
35 eyes Six Weeks Market.....	30c.
35 eyes Rural New Yorker No. 2.....	30c.
35 eyes Salzer's Hundred Fold.....	30c.

We will send postpaid, to any address, a box of 35 eyes of any variety listed at price given. We will send 1 box of Mayflowers and 1 box of any other variety you may select, for 60 cents; or 3 boxes of Mayflower \$1.00; or 4 boxes of any variety listed above for \$1.00; or 1 box each of any four varieties of your own selection for \$1.00, all *delivered free* at your nearest post or express office.

Positively no order filled for less than 35 eyes of any single variety.

Paris Green is a Deadly Poison

and should not be used on Potato Vines or any other kind of vegetation as it injures the growth badly, besides being very dangerous to human life.

Slug-Shot is Not a Poison,

But it knocks the bugs as stiff as a poker, and it fertilizes

the vines besides, causing them to yield many more Potatoes than if it hadn't been applied.

We have no hesitancy in recommending Slug Shot to be the most effective and deadly destroyer of Potato Bugs, Cabbage Worms and Lice, Squash and Cucumber Bugs, in fact all kinds of Bugs, Worms and Insects that vegetation is infested with. Also sure death to lice on calves, poultry or any kind of stock. Kills the Currant Worm at one application. No danger whatever in using it as it is perfectly harmless to man or beast. You can dust it right

into your cabbage at any time, or onto your fruit shrubs without the least particle of danger. It is applied dry, no carrying or hauling water to mix with it. Is put on with regular Slug-Shot dusters made expressly for that purpose. They hold $\frac{1}{2}$ gallon, have a perforated bottom that sifts it evenly over the vegetation.

J. Severson, Charles Mix Co., S. D.—I never use Paris Green any more since using Slug Shot. It not only kills Potato bugs but it makes the potatoes grow. It is also a dead shot on Cabbage Lice and Worms, and Cucumber and Squash Bugs.

J. L. Thompson, Turner Co., S. D.—We never had been able to raise cabbage successfully until we sent to you for Slug-Shot, but now we have no trouble, as it is proof against lice and worms, which insures good cabbage.

S. S. Rice, Lyon Co., Iowa.—I have nice currant bushes, but have always been bothered with the Currant Worm, until last year

I sent to you for Slug-shot, and when they first made their appearance I dusted the bushes lightly, and one application done the work. We never had such a big crop of currants before. It also saved our cabbage.

Per pound, 18c, postpaid. By freight, 5 lbs., 35c; 10 lbs. 68c; 25 lbs., \$1.60; 100 lbs. or over at $\frac{1}{2}$ cents per pound. We furnish the $\frac{1}{2}$ gallon dusters, which are made expressly for applying Slug-Shot at 25 cents each. It is impossible to apply it evenly and economically without a duster.

ONE POUND CANISTERS.

For the convenience of those who only have a few plants, or who want Slug-Shot for houseplants, we have it nicely put up in perforated canisters, containing one pound each, which we send post-paid for 25 cents each.

NEW SUCCESS BARLEY.

ANOTHER year's trial of the NEW SUCCESS BARLEY fully confirms all we said about it last year, and much more besides. It is truly a wonderful barley, and the most flattering testimonials from all parts of the country may be seen below. It has no beards whatever, heads just as smooth as a head of smooth wheat, and not a barley in the world that approaches it for extreme earliness (except the Dakota Silver Beardless), which makes it far more profitable to grow than any other variety. It can be used to advantage for early feed, and it will often be cut and in the shock (or stack) when other varieties will not yet be ready to harvest, and in many instances get knocked out by hail. It will stand longer after it is ripe, without shelling, than any other barley in the world, which makes it invaluable should it be impossible to get cut when ripe, as it often is with a busy farmer. On our trial grounds the past season, a plot of the NEW SUCCESS was sown on the 1st day of June, and in just 59 days it was ready to harvest. We let a part of it stand to see how it would withstand the high winds and dry weather, whether it would stand the racket without shelling, and we found on the 1st day of September it was standing erect and had not shelled. No other barley would do this. The NEW SUCCESS should be grown by every farmer who raises barley at all. It looks just like other barley, and is used for any and all purposes that other varieties are. Although the SUCCESS is one of the most beautiful colored barleys in the world, like our DAKOTA SILVER BEARDLESS, was harvested and handled in rainy weather, but it is fine pure seed, even if it is a little bit discolored. Just read what a few of the many hundreds who have raised it have to say:

James Corbin, Jewell County, Kas.: *The New Success Barley should be grown by every farmer in Kansas. It is simply grand. Early, maturing ahead of hot winds. Stiff straw, no beards, and will stand longer without shelling than any other barley in the world.*

J. K. Lawrence, Pierce County, Neb.: *From one peck of the New Success Barley which I got of you last spring I raised 17 bu. of good seed. It harvested just as nice as smooth head wheat, as it has no beards. I would not take \$2.00 per bushel for my seed.*

Lewis Sjolie, Grant County, Minn.: *I liked the Success Barley as it was so early it was not hurt so much by the hot winds as my Highland Chief, and for that reason I got a much larger crop. Another thing I like it for is because there are no beards to make it shell out so easy. I shall sow all of mine this year and not any other kind.*

C. F. Richard, Spink County, S. D.: *The 2 bushels of Success Barley I got of you threshed out 104 bushels.*

NOTE. Farmers, does it pay you to keep sowing the old common bearded varieties when such results as the above can be produced by getting good seed? If Mr. Richard sowed the usual allowance of 2 bushels per acre, what an enormous yield he had. He could have well afforded to have paid \$5.00 per bushel for his seed, and yet have made money in preference to sowing some poor, foul seed.

F. M. Sheffler, Brown County, S. D.: *The Beardless Barley is a "Success." It is rightly named.*

John R. Stites, Marshall County, S. D.: *The Success Barley I got of you was fine. I got 52 bushels from the 2 bushels of seed, besides wasted 5 or 6 bushels in the field.*

James Bowers, Kittson County, Minn.: *Your New Success Barley is a great success up here where the seasons are so short. I got 18 bushels from the peck of seed I got of you last spring. I could get \$2.00 per bushel for it.*

J. D. Hall, Erie County, Pa.: *The New Success Barley I ordered of you created a great excitement, people coming for many miles around to see it at harvest time. It made 65 bushels per acre, which is an unheard of yield in this vicinity.*

We cannot spare the space for any more of those glowing testimonials, but these should convince anyone of ordinary intelligence as to the wonderful merits of Success Barley. Farmers, you can make lots of money raising it for seed. Lb. 25, 4 lbs. 80, postpaid; by freight, pk. 50, $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. 80, bu. \$1.25, 2 bu. \$2.40, 5 bu. \$5.75, 10 bu. or upwards, \$1.00 per bushel.

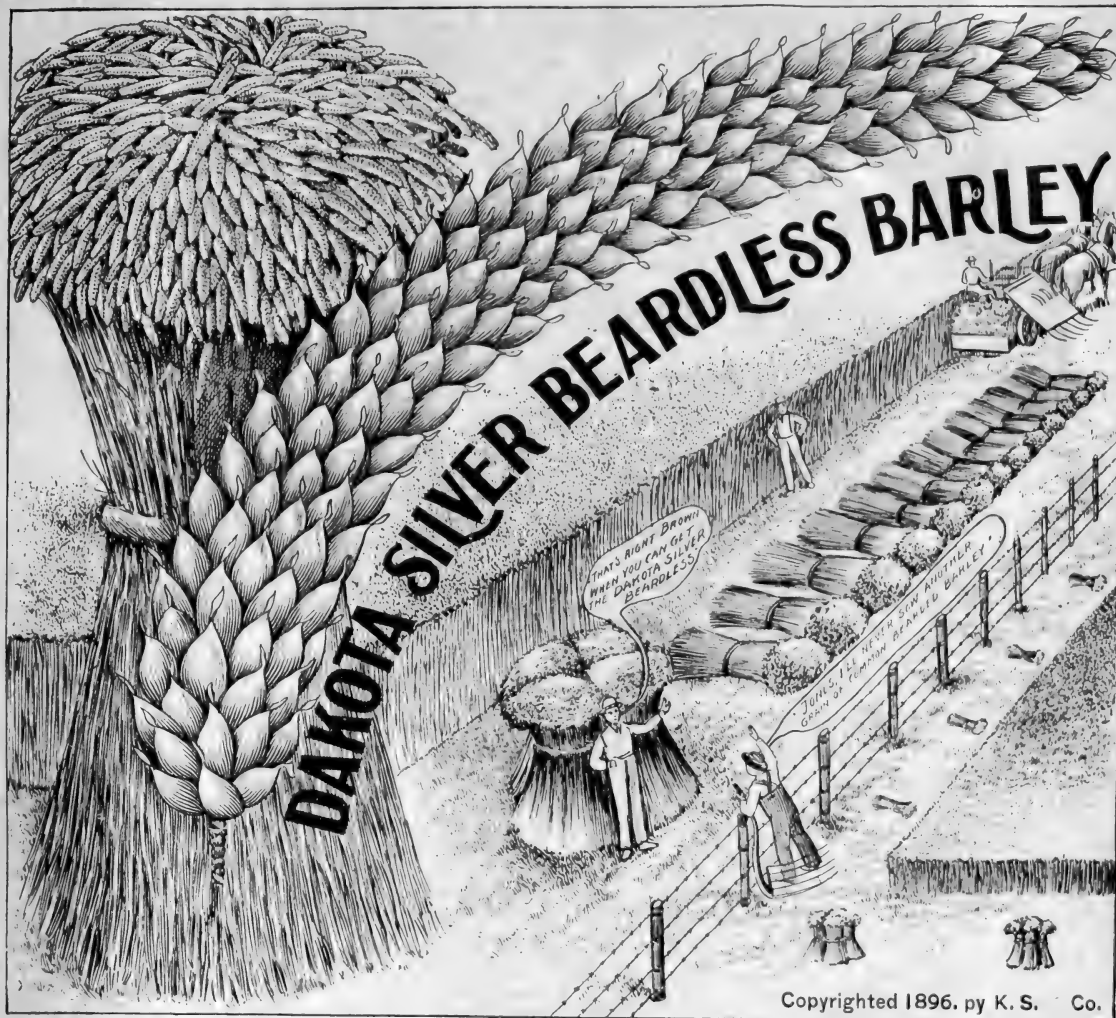
HOG BARLEY

Farmers, if you really want to grow a barley that will make more good hog feed than anything you ever saw, you want to sow our HOG BARLEY. Does it yield heavy? Our seed that we are sending out this spring grew in a field that made 87 bushels per acre, by weight. It is the heaviest barley you ever saw, the kernels are about double the size of any other, and no hull on them at all, being as hullless as a grain of wheat. Grain white, straw very stiff and strong. Don't leave HOG BARLEY out of your order. Lb. 25, 4 lbs. 80, postpaid; by freight, pk. 50, $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. 80, bu. \$1.25, 2 bu. \$2.05, 5 bu. \$5.50, 10 bu. \$10.00. (45 lbs. per bu.)

LINCOLN OAT.

An introduction of 1893, which has stood the test exceedingly well, and proved to be an excellent variety. The following are a few points of excellence: It is **very productive**, having in all instances yielded more to the acre than any other sort grown in the same locality; in one case it yielded 174 bushels from a single bushel of seed. It is **very early**, and has thus far proved itself **rust proof**. It **stands up better** than any other sort, it is best for feeding, on account of its **thin hull, heavy meat and soft nib**. It is best for oatmeal or grinding, and should be extensively grown around Sioux Falls, or any other place where there is accessibility to an oatmeal mill. They are well adapted to the northwest, standing dry weather remarkably well. Lb. 20, 4 lbs. 65, postpaid; by freight, pk. 35, $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. 60, bu. 98, 5 bu. \$4.50, 10 bu. or upwards, at 80 cents per bu.





THE GREAT BARLEY WONDER OF THE WORLD.

WHEN the Egyptians claim the distinction of having first used barley as a cereal, we will have to concede it, but when it comes to "originating" grand new varieties of barley the Egyptians are "not in it." In the **DAKOTA SILVER BEARDLESS** we have a variety that would startle the whole population of the Nile if they only had a start of it. In fact it will amaze the barley growers of the whole United States just as fast as introduced. Just think of it, a barley actually without any beards whatever, just as smooth as a head of smooth wheat, yet it is not a hulless barley, but looks just the same when threshed as the Manshury or any other white barley. What a vexation and source of annoyance it is to try to harvest a barley that is covered with sticky, prickly beards. This is all overcome in our **DAKOTA SILVER BEARDLESS**, and besides that, it is such a wonderful heavy yielder, outyielding all bearded varieties nearly two to one. The straw is exceedingly stiff, which is a point of invaluable merit, as that enables the grain to hold its own against high winds and wet weather, not going down as other varieties do, hence a great saving in the crop. The **DAKOTA SILVER BEARDLESS** is never affected by smut, which is more than can be said of any of the bearded varieties. This is a six rowed barley, and proved to be a longer headed variety than any of the seventeen varieties by which it was tested, which goes to show that it is a heavier yielder than any other. A great stooler of healthy, vigorous, strong growth. In fact its good qualities are so numerous that it will require a practical acquaintance with it to familiarize you with its invaluable and numerous good qualities not possessed by other barleys. This is not an imported barley, but was originated right here in South Dakota, and is therefore thoroughly acclimated and will succeed well in any part of the United States where barley is grown. It has been thoroughly tested for all uses to which barley is subjected, and no variety will beat it, being a splendid market variety. Our crop was harvested in rainy weather, but when properly harvested the color is most beautiful, being a Silvery White, hence the name **SILVER BEARDLESS**. It ripens full two weeks ahead of the Manshury and does not shell badly like bearded varieties after it gets ripe. *Do you want to make money?* Then order a good lot of **DAKOTA SILVER BEARDLESS**, sow it and sell your entire crop to your neighbors for seed at any price you see fit to ask. They'll all want it. Lb. 30, 4 lbs. \$1, postpaid; by freight, pk. 75, ½ bu. \$1.35, bu. \$2.50, 2 bu. \$4.75, 5 bu. or upwards at \$2.25 per bu.

NOTE. The reason we do not offer any other varieties of barley besides our **Dakota Silver Beardless, New Success and Hog Barley** is that we want you to make money out of what you buy of us, and as you can make much more money growing these varieties than any other is why we refrain from handling any other.

➤NORTHERN GROWN CLOVERS.◀

(Prices Subject to Fluctuation. Bags Free.)

ALSIKE OR SWEDISH CLOVER.

The South Dakota Experiment Station at Brookings, S. D., says of this valuable Clover, viz.:

It is an excellent plant for permanent pastures or meadows, yielding an abundance of seed and being much more persistent than red clover. As a rule it does not reach full development the first year, but keeps improving with age. Timothy, bromus inermis and other strong growing grasses are usually sown with this Clover in meadows. On the Station grounds it has done better than any other Clover, being hardy and yielding well. Plats of it and timothy are doing well in every way. It promises to be of great value in this state.

This famous Clover is a native of snow-covered Sweden, and thrives both there and in icy Norway, and why shouldn't it thrive in this climate. It does; and the farmer who fails to sow a good lot of our *Ironclad Alsike* the coming spring will fool himself worse than anybody else. This Clover is a perennial and therefore does not have to be sown every two years like the red clovers, but gets better all the time. It has proven itself to be as hardy as bunchgrass, 40 below zero not affecting it in the least, and it beats any Clover on earth to withstand the drought. The Brookings Experiment Station says further, viz.:

Alsike and White Clover have given excellent results, particularly when mixed with some of the grasses such as timothy, meadow fescue, and the blue grasses. Up to the present time Alsike has been the most satisfactory Clover tried.

Now, farmers, you see that Alsike is no experiment for the Northwest, but it has been thoroughly tried and is *all right*. It will not pay you to send off east for your clovers and grasses. You had better pay double price for acclimated seed, but the nice point about it is you get this *good* seed of us cheaper than you would get the *cheap* seed from the east. One bushel (60 lbs.) will sow six acres.

No. 1 grade, lb. 30c, postpaid. By freight, 10 lbs. \$1.40, 30 lbs. \$3.90, 50 lbs. \$6.25, 100 lbs. \$12.00.

No. 2 grade, lb. 27c, postpaid. By freight, 10 lbs. \$1.25, 30 lbs. \$3.60, 50 lbs. \$5.75, 100 lbs. \$10.75.

NOTE.—The No. 2 Alsike contains a little sprinkling of timothy, which is very beneficial as these two grasses thrive much better together than separately.

James Corbett, Rock Co., Ia.—My Alsike is looking fine. I shall want more seed in the spring.

Walter Mills, Davison Co., S. D.—I am much pleased with my Alsike. It is grand.

Mrs. James Holcomb, Pipestone Co., Minn.—Our Alsike Clover is ahead of all the others. The bees are thriving well upon it.

ALFALFA OR LUCERNE CLOVER.

Farmers are just beginning to realize the very great importance of sowing large acreages of this most valuable plant. It seems to be no longer an experiment, where properly managed, on land that is suitable for its production. It has been experimented with in a small way throughout the Northwest for several years past, more and more being sown each season, until the doubts as to its success in the Northwestern states are entirely removed. Farmers are waking up, and the coming spring there will be thousands and tens of thousands of acres seeded to Alfalfa, whose name will be changed within the next five years to

THE GREAT MORTGAGE LIFTER.

It is hardy as Hazel Brush, therefore no danger of freezing out. Its roots penetrate the soil to a depth of 16 to 20 feet, moisture being furnished from below, if not a suitable quantity from above; and this is why it is looked upon as being drought proof. It is a plant that fertilizes the soil to a remarkable degree, by extracting or drawing to the surface certain chemicals and fertilizing substances that are stored deep down in the earth.

The Hand Book of the United States Experiment Station Work says:

When established it does not run out; it withstands drought much better than clover; it gathers a large amount of nitrogen from the air as well as from the soil, and is therefore very valuable as a fertilizing crop. It furnishes several large crops of green fodder each season, makes an excellent hay; is relished and digested by all farm animals and is an excellent flesh and milk producer.

It is also one of the best egg producing foods, chickens eating it greedily when stacked where they can get at it. Farmers, don't fail to sow a big field of Alfalfa this spring. Sow 20 to 25 pounds per acre.

John Holly, Clay Co., S. D.—I have got the finest field of Alfalfa from seed I got of you that I have ever seen. It seemed that every seed came, and grew strong from the start. I think Alfalfa all right for South Dakota.

W. H. Dow, Wapella Co., Ia.—I guess you will get orders from all my neighbors for Alfalfa, as mine has done so well. I also want more myself.

Our demand for Alfalfa last spring was ten times greater than ever before, as farmers are beginning to realize its value. Alfalfa is a native of Germany and much the larger part of our demand for it comes from the well-to-do Germans, who always want the best, therefore they want only the *German Alfalfa*, which is much superior to the American, as it is of much greater vigor and vitality.

German Alfalfa, lb. 30c, postpaid. By freight, 10 lbs., \$1.50, 25 lbs., \$3.50, 50 lbs., \$6.50, 100 lbs., \$12.50.

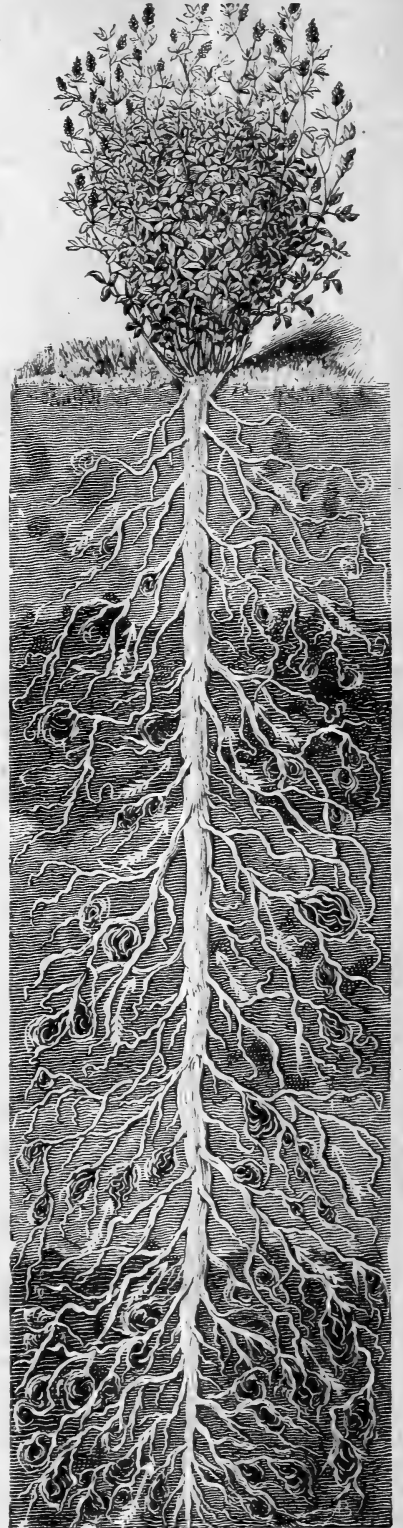
Alfalfa, Wisconsin Grown, lb. 27c, postpaid. By freight, 10 lbs. \$1.35, 25 lbs. \$3.15, 50 lbs., \$6.15, 100 lbs., \$11.25.

MAMMOTH RED CLOVER.

This variety grows very large, makes an excellent quality and abundance of hay and pasture. Is the best variety for plowing under to enrich the land. Sow 10 lbs. per acre. Lb. 25c, postpaid. By freight, 10 lbs. \$1.10, 25 lbs. \$2.65, 50 lbs. \$5.20, 100 lbs. \$10.25.

MEDIUM RED OR JUNE CLOVER.

This is the common red clover well known 'to every farmer in the United States. Sow 10 lbs. per acre. Lb. 25c, 10 lbs. \$1.10, 25 lbs. \$2.65, 50 lbs. \$5.20, 100 lbs. \$10.25.



ALFALFA OR LUCERNE.

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER.

A hardy variety, lasting from year to year, and valuable for pastures and lawns. It is a low, close growing species and the blossoms are very fragrant. An excellent clover for sowing with blue grass for pasture. Should be sown in the spring. Our No. 2

grade is slightly mixed with Alsike and Timothy: which makes it extremely desirable for pastures.

No. 1 grade, extra fine for lawns, lb. 40c, postpaid. By freight 10 lbs. \$2.90.

No. 2 grade, lb. 35c, postpaid. By freight, 10 lbs. \$2.45, 25 lbs. \$5.75.

GRASS SEEDS.

(PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE. BAGS FREE.)

NEVER in the history of the Northwest has there been a more encouraging time to sow great quantities of grass seed for both hay and pasture than the present. Abundant fall rains followed by greatly increased snow fall, has so thoroughly saturated the soil to a depth of many feet, that all one has to do to get a good stand of grasses is to simply get some good seed and sow it, and the moist land and sunshine will do the rest. Our droughty seasons have passed, and our old-time moisture has returned, and that to stay, and the meadows and pastures will yield large returns. We have greatly increased our facilities for handling and cleaning grass seed; have added to our grass seed department many varieties not handled before, and we wish to call attention to our **Special Mixtures** for both hay and pastures, that you will find of great value, as they are composed of grasses that are no longer an experiment and are mixed in a way to produce the very best of results. Send in your orders early, as there is going to be a great rush on grass seeds, owing to the abundant moisture.

KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS.

No grass in the world has ever achieved the reputation as has Kentucky Bluegrass, for the reason that there has never been a grass originated or introduced that has given such world-wide satisfaction in all parts of the United States, in Canada, and throughout the world. Large quantities of it are annually exported for the reason that foreign countries have found it to be the most profitable grass they can get. It does well in any state in the Union, and our Canadian customers say there is none like it. The South Dakota Experimental Station of Brookings, says of this wonderful grass:

"This is one of the best pasture grasses grown in the United States. It usually thrives on almost any soil. It is the basis of all lawn mixtures because of its hardness and because of its ability to crowd out weeds and form a dense sod. All kinds of stock eat it greedily. It is very nutritious and in time of drought it retains its nourishing properties, hence is still readily eaten by stock. It has done well on the college grounds as well as in many other parts of the state. Old, worn out pastures may often be reclaimed by being sown to blue grass. It makes an excellent sheep pasture, particularly when mixed with smaller fescues."

It is the first to appear in the spring, and the last to keep green in the fall, and the richest milk and butter is produced when cows are allowed to feed on it. It also produces flesh faster and more solid than any other known grass, and also makes most beautiful lawns. It is called "Kentucky" Bluegrass for the reason that it originated in Kentucky, but our seed is Northern grown and will give you splendid satisfaction. We have never yet sold such quantities of it as we did last spring, and our customers are loud in their praises of it, all having gotten magnificent stands. This is the spring to sow lots of grass seed, as we have moisture in abundance to give it a rank start. Our fancy bluegrass, cleaned from chaff, is worth more than five times that sent out by eastern seed houses. Don't fool yourself by sending east, but send direct to Northwestern Headquarters for all kinds of hardy seeds. Bluegrass should be started with timothy seed when sowing it for pastures.

OUR FANCY GRADE BLUEGRASS, cleaned from chaff, lb. 35, 4 lbs. \$1.20, postpaid; by freight, 10 lbs. \$1.90, 25 lbs. \$4.50, 50 lbs. \$8.50, 100 lbs. \$16.00. Of our Fancy Grade Bluegrass sow 10 lbs. and 8 lbs. of Timothy per acre.

No. 1 grade Wisconsin grown, as sold by other seedsmen, lb. 25, 4 lbs. 90c, postpaid; by freight, 10 lbs. \$1.35, 25 lbs. \$3.25, 50 lbs. \$6.25, 100 lbs. \$11.90. Of No. 1 Grade sow 20 lbs. and 8 lbs. Timothy per acre.

No. 2 Grade, lb. 22, 4 lbs. 80c, postpaid; by freight, 10 lbs. \$1.15, 25 lbs. \$2.75, 50 lbs. \$10.25. Of No. 2 Grade sow 30 lbs. and 8 lbs. of Timothy per acre.

NOTE. Our Fancy Grade is much the cheapest seed to buy.

ENGLISH BLUEGRASS.

This is one of the best grasses for extreme heat, cold, dry and wet, to be found. Extremely hardy and vigorous, and a splendid pasture grass. The South Dakota Experiment Station of Brookings, says:

"It is found in many parts of the state growing naturally. It is very hardy and makes a good pasture. Stock eats it readily and does well upon it. It is perfectly hardy and is very persistent."

Our seed of this variety is very fine and clean, and every farmer who is seeding down a pasture this spring should include English Bluegrass in their order. Fancy Seed, lb. 25, 4 lbs. 90c, postpaid; by freight, 10 lbs. \$1.40, 25 lbs. \$3.25, 100 lbs. \$12.50.

CANADIAN BLUEGRASS.

The hardiest grass in cultivation. Canadian Bluegrass shoots its leaves very early. All grazing animals eat it greedily; cows fed on it produce a very rich milk. It is especially relished by sheep. Its bluish green stems retain their color after the seed is ripe. It shrinks less in drying than most other grasses. It is an excellent grass for dry, sandy, thin soils and banks, and for covering the surface of rock soils. Lb. 25, 4 lbs. 85c, postpaid; by freight, 10 lbs. \$1.25, 25 lbs. \$2.75, 100 lbs. \$9.95.

RED TOP.

This is both a splendid pasture and hay grass, thriving well throughout the northwest, as it is perfectly hardy. There is great quantities of it growing wild in this part of the state. The Agricultural Experiment Station at Brookings says:

"It is thought to be one of the best grasses that can be raised for dairying purposes. While it prefers low, moist soil it is nevertheless a valuable grass on dry soils that are not too gravelly. It usually does best when sown with other grasses or with clovers. Red top, timothy and clover form an excellent combination. On the college farm red top has been grown for several years with fairly good success. On low, moist soil the yield is good but on high gravelly land the grass does not do so well. It is quite hardy and endures close pasturing perfectly. Its vigorous underground stems or root-stocks enable it to thrive when many other grasses would be killed by drought."

Every farm in the state that has any low, wet land, in the nature of ravines, lake-beds or draws, should be sown to red top, as it makes a luxuriant growth of very nutritious hay, besides affording ample and rich pasture. It should be started with timothy or clover.

Fancy, hulled seed (no chaff), lb. 38, 4 lbs. \$1.40, postpaid; by freight, 10 lbs. \$2.60, 25 lbs. \$6.25.

Red Top Seed in chaff, lb. 25, 4 lbs. 90c, postpaid; by freight, 10 lbs. \$1.40, 25 lbs. \$3.25, 50 lbs. \$6.25, 100 lbs. \$11.95.

NOTE. The hulled seed is very much the cheapest grade to buy, as we are sure that there is more seed in one pound of it than there is in 6 or 7 pounds of the other. It is clear, solid seed, no chaff.

TIMOTHY.

Every one knows the value of timothy as a hay crop. It brings highest prices on the markets than any other hay in the world. Our seed is Dakota Grown, which is pronounced the best and the hardest seed to be had. The South Dakota Agricultural Experiment Station of Brookings says:

"This is one of the best known hay grasses in the United States. Throughout the northern and western states it is considered the best grass that can be raised for hay. Throughout the Sioux Valley region timothy is a paying crop if properly handled. In some parts of the Black Hills region it does well. On the grounds of the Experiment Station timothy and alsike are doing well sown together. Good crops of timothy and of timothy and clover have been grown in various parts of the Sioux Valley for several years past."

Owing to the abundant rains of the past fall, and the greatly increased snowfall, there will be a vast acreage of grasses sown this spring, especially timothy seed. The ground is in elegant condition to receive the seed, and all who sow grasses this spring will get splendid results from it.

Timothy No. 1 grade, pk. 60, 1/2 bu. \$1.10, bu. \$2.10.

Timothy No. 2 grade, pk. 50, 1/2 bu. 90c, bu. \$1.75.

NOTE. The No. 1 grade is the cheapest seed to buy.

BROMUS INERMIS.

We have been watching the experiment of this grass for years, until we have become so fully convinced as to its great value for the northwest, that we now have no hesitancy in advertising and recommending it to our customers. Any and everywhere, where long sieges of dry weather are common, it is just the grass to sow, and it does equally as well where there is plenty of rain. It is a Russian grass, hence will stand any amount of freezing. It yields from 3 to 7 tons of good hay per acre, and it is said it can be cut two or three times in a season. It grows from 2 to 5 feet high. The South Dakota Experiment Station of Brookings says:

"This is the best grass that has yet been tried at the Station. When properly sown it catches well, giving a good sod the first year; in favorable seasons a fair yield of hay may also be obtained. Up to the present, the best results have been obtained by sowing plenty of seed on well prepared ground as early as possible in the spring. From two to two and one-half bushels should be sown to the acre, depending somewhat upon the season and upon the condition of the soil. The forage, though coarse, is of excellent quality."

GRASS SEEDS—Continued.

and under ordinary circumstances a large amount of early spring and fall feed may be obtained in addition to a good yield of hay. Thus for the grass has endured drought perfectly and has never winter killed in the least."

The above should be proof positive that it is the grass for South Dakota and the whole northwest. We give another from the extreme northwest, coming from Indian Head, Northwest Territory, which lies north of Manitoba, and comes from the Experiment Station of that place. It says:

"*BROMUS INERMIS* did exceedingly well the past year. The greater portion of the crop was saved for seed, which has given an excellent sample and a large quantity of good seed. Reports from the Calgary district showed that large crops of this grass were obtained there the past year; in one case as much as 5 tons per acre having been grown."

We give still another from the very driest and hottest part of Kansas, coming from the Grass Experiment Station at Garden City, Kansas. It says:

"We have grown *BROMUS INERMIS* successfully, and we think it is to be the coming grass for the arid regions of the west. It is green from the middle of March to about November."

It is useless for us to speak further of the many good qualities of this wonderful grass, but if you want a good hay grass, a good pasture grass, a grass that will stand the heat, the cold, the wet and the dry, a grass that all kinds of stock eat greedily, and that is rich in nutritive value, sow plenty of *Bromus Inermis*. We have an excellent grade of seed. Sow 30 pounds per acre, if sown without any other grass with it. Price, lb. 35, 4 lbs. \$1.20, postpaid; by freight, 15 lbs. \$3.00, 30 lbs. \$5.90, 100 lbs. \$18.00.

SHEEP FESCUE.

This is the great pasture grass, but not recommended for hay, as it grows too short. It is particularly relished by sheep, hence the name, "Sheep Fescue." The South Dakota Experiment Station of Brookings says of it:

"Some forms of this grass are native to the state. It is one of the most valuable pasture grasses that has been tried on the Station grounds. It is perfectly hardy and is particularly well adapted to dry upland pastures, thriving on rocky and sandy soils. It is most useful as a sheep forage. The flowers open in June and July and the seeds soon ripen but the leaves remain green and fresh until late in autumn."

So it will be seen that this grass is no experiment, but that it is perfectly well adapted to the northwest. Should be started with other grasses, or with timothy, by sowing 20 pounds of Fescue and 10 lbs. of timothy per acre. Lb. 30, 4 lbs. \$1.00, postpaid; by freight, 10 lbs. \$1.50, 20 lbs. \$3.25, 100 lbs. \$15.00.

ORCHARD GRASS.

This is one of the most valuable grasses for both hay and pasture, as, after having produced a big crop of hay, it starts up again rapidly, producing an abundance of rich pasture. We hear what the South Dakota Experiment Station of Brookings has to say of it:

"It makes a strong, rank growth, starts early in the spring,

stands drought better than timothy, gives rather a heavier yield, and is not so hard on the soil. As it ripens about the same time as clover the two make an excellent mixture for hay. Orchard grass is readily eaten by all kinds of stock, sheep being particularly fond of it. The seed grows readily and should be sown thickly as the grass has a tendency to grow in clumps if thin on the ground. For this reason it is best to sow it in connection with clover or with other grasses. Under proper condition this grass has a long season of growth yielding a larger amount of forage throughout the year than most other common grasses. It should be cut while in bloom and when in pasture should be grazed closely and not allowed to seed."

Should be sown with timothy or other grasses. Sow 15 lbs. with 8 lbs. of timothy per acre. Lb. 30, 4 lbs. \$1.00, postpaid; by freight, 15 lbs. \$2.40; 30 lbs. \$4.60, 100 lbs. \$14.25.

ITALIAN, ENGLISH AND PERENNIAL RYE GRASSES.

The Rye grasses have not proven to be a success in the northwest. The South Dakota Experiment Station of Brookings says: "They winter kill badly, and hence cannot be regarded as a success."

On this account, wanting to furnish our customers with only that which is a success, we refuse to quote it.

TALL MEADOW OAT GRASS.

This is a grass that is invaluable for meadows, and also makes an excellent pasture after being cut for hay. It is said to make three crops in one season. Does well with Orchard Grass, or Alsike clover. Does better than timothy and does not exhaust the soil so much, and produces more hay. The South Dakota Experiment Station of Brookings says:

"It is one of the most valued grasses both for hay and for pasturage. It makes a strong root-growth and lasts well in pastures. On the grounds of the Experiment Station it has promised well. It is an excellent grass for use in mixtures with such species as tall fescue, *Bromus inermis*, orchard grass and meadow fescue. It gives an abundant yield of hay and, up to the present, has proved hardy."

It is noted for early, quick and late growth, and grows to a height of 4½ feet. If sown alone, sow 40 lbs. per acre. 10 lbs. of Oat grass and 8 lbs. of Alsike per acre will give good results. Choice seed, lb. 35, 4 lbs. \$1.25, postpaid; by freight, 10 lbs. \$2.10, 20 lbs. \$4.00, 50 lbs. \$9.50, 100 lbs. \$18.00.

MEADOW FESCUE OR EVERGREEN GRASS.

Grows from 2 to 3 feet high, and is one of the earliest, most nutritious and productive of all the grasses. It thrives well on all good soils, makes a perfect sod, and is valuable for permanent pasture. It remains green throughout the summer, when other grasses are all dried up. Grows to a height of 3 feet and yields a heavy crop of very nutritious hay, which is greatly relished by stock of all kinds. Should be sown with other grasses. 15 lbs. of Meadow Fescue and 8 lbs. of Alsike per acre, makes a good mixture. Lb. 25, 4 lbs. 90, postpaid; 15 lbs. \$1.95, 50 lbs. \$6.00, 100 lbs. \$11.00.

LAWN GRASS MIXTURE.

We dare say there is not a city in the United States that can show finer lawns of soft, carpety green from our special lawn mixture, than can Sioux Falls. They are just lovely, which goes to show that it pays to get reliable grasses for your lawns. They are mixed in a way to come just as near producing a green lawn throughout the season as it is possible to do it, being made up of late and early grasses that come on each in their season.

OUR EVERGREEN LAWN MIXTURE.

Is used more than any other, and is just the thing for making a lawn that will make your neighbor's eyes water. Some like a little white clover in their lawns, and others do not. We can furnish it either with or without. If any preference, please state it in ordering. Sow 1 lb. to every 25 feet square. Lb. 40, 4 lbs. \$1.50, postpaid; by freight, 10 lbs. \$2.60, 20 lbs. \$5.00.

CHICAGO PARKS MIXTURE.

This is also a good mixture, but will not go as far as Evergreen Mixture; 1 lb. will sow 20 feet square. We also furnish this either with or without white clover. Lb. 35, 4 lbs. \$1.30, postpaid; by freight, 10 lbs. \$2.30, 20 lbs. \$4.00.

DROUGHT TESTED MEADOW MIXTURE.

THE two following mixtures for meadows and pastures are, without any question, the very best mixtures for the special purpose for which they are intended, that has ever been formulated for Northwestern sowing. They are composed of grasses that are no longer any experiment where it gets either extremely dry or cold, grasses that have been thoroughly tested and are recommended by our State Experiment Station, and are a grade of grasses that are cheap at double the price you would pay an eastern seedsmen. Eastern houses know nothing about what is best adapted to Northwestern planting, and their grasses or mixtures would be dear at any price. Sow 20 lbs. per acre. Our Drought Tested Meadow Mixture is composed of the following mixtures, viz:

Meadow Fescue.
Tall Meadow Oat Grass.
Bromus Inermis.

Orchard Grass.
Kentucky Blue Grass.
Red Top.

Timothy.
Alsike Clover.
Alfalfa Clover.

By freight, 10 lbs. \$1.50, 20 lbs. \$2.90, 50 lbs. \$6.90, 100 lbs. \$13.00, 200 lbs. \$25.00.

DROUGHT TESTED PASTURE MIXTURE.

This very valuable pasture mixture contains a variety of tested grasses that will cause your stock to "laugh and grow fat." Sow 20 lbs. per acre. It is composed of the following varieties, viz:

Kentucky Blue Grass.
Bromus Inermis.
Sheep Fescue.

English Blue Grass.
Canadian Blue Grass.
Red Top.

White Clover.
Alsike Clover.
Alfalfa Clover.

By freight, 10 lbs. \$1.50, 20 lbs. \$2.90, 50 lbs. \$6.90, 100 lbs. \$13.00, 200 lbs. \$25.00.



FIGURE 1.

Should you receive two copies of this book, we trust you will consider one of them a worthy present for a seed-buying friend.

NEW SUCCESS CULTIVATOR.

(Double and Single Wheel.) (Fig. 1.)

The NEW SUCCESS is the most perfect Garden Cultivator that has ever yet been put upon the market. We have tested them thoroughly for the six past seasons, having them in practical operation, in fact have discarded all others, and now use only the NEW SUCCESS on our own grounds. Notice the HIGH WHEEL, (which is 2½ feet,) which proves conclusively that it is no toy.

The high wheel enables the operator to push it rapidly without exertion, covering three times the amount of ground in a day as can be done with the low-wheeled, hard-running wheel hoe.

Figure 2 shows the SUCCESS rigged for cultivating between the rows; Figure 1 shows it rigged for cultivating both sides of the row at one operation.

The axle is easily removed, which lets the wheels drop off and you can put on either one or two wheels in a moment's time.

This is the way some talk that have used it:

Henry Weiss, Pipestone Co., Minn.—The New Success Cultivator is the handiest garden tool I ever had. I couldn't get along without mine.

Mrs. Mary Kerns, Jasper Co., Ia.—My little boy tends all my garden with the New Success Cultivator. I wouldn't take \$5 for mine.

Robert Hess, Grand Forks Co., N. D.—I am well pleased with my New Success Cultivator. I can tend my garden in one-twentieth the time I could with the old hoe.

Jerry McGuire, Warren Co., Ill.—I have as fine a garden as you ever saw and I have tended it with your New Success Cultivator. I would not have any other. It beats them all for ease in running and keeping the weeds down.

We have reduced the price of the New Success until you can afford one. Price, only \$3.50 for the complete tool, both double and single wheel.



FIGURE 2.

MATHEWS GEM GARDEN DRILL.

There are thousands of people who want a small drill, who have but a few seeds to sow. This is the drill to buy. It is low-priced, is never out of order and works like a charm. It makes the opening, drops the seed and covers it—and does it to perfection—sowing all varieties of seeds, such as turnip, carrot, sage, spinach, onion, parsnip, beet, peas, etc., and marks the next row as perfect as other drills do. Price of this splendid drill, \$4.50.

CHEAPEST YET. To all who wish a complete outfit for gardening we will send the New Success Cultivator and Mathews Gem Drill for only \$6.50.

Remember this is a much better outfit than a combined garden drill and cultivator, for you do not have to spend an hour to change it when you want to use it, as they are two complete tools and always ready to use.

THE NEW MODEL DRILL.

This is the most perfect, reliable and durable Garden Drill made. Price, \$6.25.

THE PERFECTION BAG HOLDER.

This is one of the very handiest articles that any farmer can have about the barn or granary. No farmer can afford to be without a bagholder. We have put the price for '97 at only 15 cents each.

HAND WEEDERS.

Lang's, net, 25c; postpaid, 30c.
Hazelbine's, net, 25c; postpaid, 30c.

ACME HAND POTATO PLANTER.

This is indeed very useful to have on any farm where potatoes are planted. No farmer should be without one or two of them. One man will plant two acres per day nicely, and more. We sold a great many of them last season, and we expect to increase the sales

greatly this year. They deposit the potato down in the moist ground where it comes up quickly, thereby producing earlier potatoes than if planted in any other way. Each, \$1.40; 2 for \$2.75.

PLANET JR. COMBINED DRILL.

Cultivator, Rake and Hoe. Price, \$9.

PLANET JR. HORSE HOE.

For potato and corn cultivation. Price \$6.50.

A REMARKABLE OFFER.

"The Successful Farmer," has been greatly improved and enlarged to more than double its former size, being now a 16 page paper; and during 1897, will be made complete in all its departments. It will be filled with the choicest Farm, Garden, Orchard and Forest articles; good household receipts, stories, wit and humor, and is just the paper that every northwestern farmer should have. It has recently changed hands, and will be gotten out and mailed promptly to subscribers. It is the leading farm paper of the State, and everyone sending an order for seeds should take advantage of the following liberal offer: The subscription price of the paper is 50 cents per year, which is low, but we have made arrangements with its new editor, Mr. H. P. Robie, whereby we can have it sent, postpaid, for a full year, for **only 25 cents**, to any customer who sends us an order for seeds. Don't neglect to put in 25 cents extra for this valuable paper.

MILLETS.

[Prices subject to change.]

"HOLY TERROR GOLD MINE MILLET."

We catalogued this millet last year for the second time, having named it after the richest gold mine in the world, calling it the Holy Terror Millet, for the reason that it is a Holy Terror to yield big crops of good hay. On our trial grounds it produced fully three times the amount of hay that the German or Golden did, under exactly the same conditions. It is a great loss of time and seed to only get half a ton of millet hay per acre, when you can just as well sow a kind that will produce from four to six tons under favorable circumstances, and that is just what our Holy Terror will do. Millet seed that is mixed with pigeon grass and foxtail will not produce a quarter of a crop, and it does not pay to sow it. Lb. 20, postpaid; by freight, pk. 45, ½ bu. 65, bu. \$1.18.

Jno. R. Stites, Marshall County, S. D.: The "Holy Terror Gold Mine" Millet beats anything I ever saw for hay. It will make 4 or 5 tons to the acre, but the seed won't mature here for threshing.

NOTE. Try the New Siberian Millet. It is fully 3 weeks earlier and makes better hay.

GERMAN MILLET.

Almost everybody knows what German Millet is, the old standard variety and very largely grown. Produces large crops of very valuable hay. Lb. 20, postpaid; by freight, pk. 35, ½ bu. 60, bu. 90.

GOLDEN MILLET.

This variety is more largely sown in the Northwest, producing a fine, soft quality of good hay. It is very early. Lb. 20, postpaid; by freight, pk. 35, ½ bu. 55, bu. 85.

NEW MANITOBA, or HOG MILLET.

This has come to be one of the most valuable crops that the farmer can raise, the seed being the richest and most valuable hog food that can be produced, while the hay is very valuable for stock. A very much prized peculiarity of the New Manitoba is that the seed ripens while the hay is yet green, when if cut promptly can be threshed for seed, while the hay makes an excellent fodder after being threshed. Per lb. 20, postpaid; by freight, pk. 40, ½ bu. 65, bu. 95.

HUNGARIAN MILLET.

Many farmers do not realize the true value of Hungarian Millet for hay. When it comes to quality it is excellent, and some claim that it yields heavier than the other millets. Our seed is fine. Lb. 20, postpaid; by freight pk. 40, ½ bu. 65, bu. \$1.10.

NEW SIBERIAN MILLET.

[See Inside Back Cover.]

DWARF ESSEX RAPE.

This valuable plant is being raised more and more every season. It is one of the best forage plants for sheep there is, and is also relished by both horses and cattle. Lb. 25, 4 lbs. 88, postpaid; by freight 10 lbs. \$1.25, 100 lbs. \$6.00.

JERUSALEM CORN.

This is very similar to Kaffir Corn in growth of fodder, being a little earlier to mature its seed. It is used for the same purposes as the Kaffir, and is fully as hardy and drought-resisting. Seed is white and slightly flattened. Have seen it remain green and grow where even the weeds were dried up. Plant same quantity of seed as Kaffir, and in the same way. Lb. 20, 5 lbs. 75, postpaid; by freight or express, 10 lbs. 58, 25 lbs. \$1.38, 50 lbs. \$2.68, 100 lbs. \$4.98.

KAFFIR CORN.

An invaluable grain for stock and poultry, being a great fat and egg producer and inestimable for growing as a fodder plant. It seems to be iron-clad against drought and hot winds. It should be planted in drills three feet apart, at the rate of 5 lbs. per acre, and cultivated same as corn. The seed is rather slow to germinate, but grows very rapidly when started. Average height 6 feet. There are two varieties, one red seed, the other white. The white is too late for the Northwest. To be sure of getting the red seed variety order of us. It is very inexpensive to seed with, as you can seed 10 acres at a total cost of only \$2.00, which is only 20 cents per acre. Lb. 20, 5 lbs. 70, postpaid; by freight or express, 10 lbs. 48, 25 lbs. \$1.13, 50 lbs. \$2.10, 100 lbs. \$3.98.

EVERGREEN SWEET FODDER CORN.

This is an article that needs no description, as all are aware that it makes the best fodder in the world, and makes an unlimited amount of it. It is sweeter, and produces more fat, cream and butter than any other variety. Our customers say that we furnish the best sweet corn they ever planted. By freight, pk. 48, ½ bu. 72, bu. \$1.35.

WHITE AND YELLOW FODDER CORN.

Grown extensively in the Northwest for fodder, and yields a heavy crop of excellent forage for stock. By freight, pk. 30, ½ bu. 50, bu. 80.

Joseph Walton, Porter County, Ind.: The seeds I bought of you were first-class.

Chas. Harlow, Cass County, N. D.: The seeds I got of you were all right.

SUGAR CANE FOR FODDER.

Sugar Cane is an invaluable plant to grow for fodder, as it is eagerly devoured by horses, cattle and even hogs, while the seed is fine for poultry. By freight, 10 lbs. 50c, 25 lbs. \$1.25, 100 lbs. \$3.98.

FIELD PEAS.

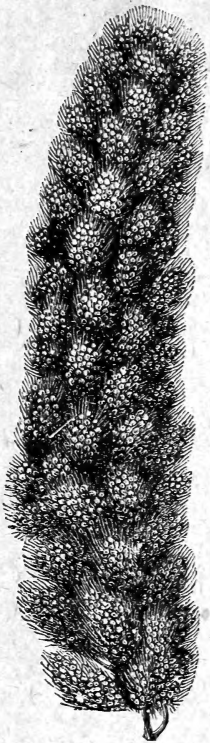
This is one of the most profitable crops the farmer can grow. The peas are good to cook when large enough, and also excellent as a dry cooking pea in the winter or spring. The green field are the variety that are always kept on sale at the grocery stores, thus

giving the grower a market for those he wishes to save. However, those kept in the stores are usually bought of seedsmen after they are too old to grow. Sow one bushel of oats and two bushels of peas per acre, first mixing them together, and then sowing with grain drill.

CANADA FIELD. This is an excellent field variety. Pk. 55, bu. \$1.65, 2½ bu. \$3.75.

CANADA GREEN FIELD. This is the variety so largely grown for field crop in Canada. Pk. 60, bu. \$1.75.

LARGE MARROWFAT. Used for both garden and field crop. Very large and prolific. Pk. 75, bu. \$2.25.



Holy Terror Gold
Mine Millet.



KAFFIR CORN.

NEW SIBERIAN MILLET.

WHEN Count P. de Gloukhovsky of Siberia, (in Russia) was making a tour of this country, it was our pleasure to make his acquaintance. He carried with him a small quantity of Millet seed unlike any we had ever saw. Learning that we were in the seed business he made us a present of it, the package weighing just 2¼ ounces. On the 1st day of June, 1895, we sowed the seed on our trial grounds, where was planted many other varieties. The weather turned off very dry about July 1st, and where the other varieties succumbed to the drought the *New Siberian* defied the hot winds and blazing sun, continuing to grow and thrive after other kinds had drooped and dried and even—much of it—failed to head at all. But the *New Siberian* made a rank growth of the grandest fodder imaginable, and of course we let it stand for seed, and when it was cut and pounded out, we found that we had raised 72 pounds of excellent seed from the 2¼ ounces. Well, we kept that seed under "lock and key," and on the 8th of June, 1896, we sowed 62½ pounds of it, broadcast on five acres of sod ground that we had broke up after the 1st of June, and there grew from it 253 1-2 bushels of as fine seed as anyone ever saw. The world has never produced its like for both hay and seed. We offered it in our last year's Catalogue just by the small packet, (there only being the tenth part of an ounce in each packet) and from those small packets—from which it was impossible to secure good results on account of the small amount—there has been pouring in upon us the most remarkably flattering reports, from all over the country. It is truly a *Wonderful Millet*, as our customers can testify. Just read below what a few of the many who have written us have to say about it.

John Doyle, Spink Co., S. D.—Your *New Siberian Millet* beats all other kinds I ever saw. I got seven pounds of the nicest seed I have ever seen from the little packet I got from you last spring. I wish I had bought ten packets instead of one. I would not take \$10 for the seven pounds of seed.

Jacob Reidel, Steele Co., N. D.—Among other seeds I got a little packet of *New Siberian Millet* from you last spring. I sowed it in two drills ten feet long, and I must say I never saw any kind of Millet that would equal it. It is just the kind to sow in North Dakota as it is so very early that the seed will ripen here. It was just covered with broad blades, and I let it stand to ripen as I wanted the seed. I got 5 1-2 pounds from it and my neighbors want me to divide with them, but I can't think of it.

John Branch, Pipestone Co., Minn.—You have got a fortune in the *New Siberian Millet*. I got a small packet of it last spring and sowed it, and it was the wonder of the neighborhood. Such a wonderful hay millet. My neighbors all want to get *New Siberian* seed of you next spring. You will get a big trade from here.

John Rollins, Jewel Co., Kan.—No one here ever saw anything like your *New Siberian Millet*. It was the talk of the neighborhood. It grew six feet high and such blades I never saw on Millet. Look out for lots of orders for it from Jewel county.

James Dark, Cherry Co., Neb.—I noticed in my neighbor's garden a new kind of Millet, which he said he got of you, and he said it was *New Siberian*. I want to get ten bushels of it next spring, as it is the finest thing I ever saw. He raised six pounds of seed from a small packet, but he would not sell that to me for less than \$1 a pound, and I would have taken it, but thought I could get it cheaper from you. Please quote me on ten bushels.

O. A. Smith, Wright Co., Minn.—I planted a small packet of your *New Siberian Millet*, together with several other varieties and I will say I think it is the best variety of Millet I know of for hay, and is a very heavy yielder of seed. It is a very distinct variety, differing from all other Millets I am acquainted with.

E. M. Smith, Day Co., S. D.—I think the *New Siberian Millet* is all right for both hay and seed.

AT THE RATE OF 441 BUSHELS PER ACRE.

Joseph Walton, Porter County, Indiana.—The *New Siberian Millet* is "out of sight." I planted the small packet on a plot 3 1-2 feet square, and it grew very thick. I have about two quarts of seed and the sparrows took fully one-half. All that saw it say that it is ahead of anything they ever saw.

NOTE.—If Mr. Walton saved two quarts of seed and the sparrows destroyed half, if you will stop and figure you will find that it yielded at the rate of 441 bushels per acre. Placing none at all to the credit of the sparrows it yielded at the rate of 220½ bushels per acre. It can't be beaten.

John R. Stites, Marshall Co., S. D.—I got 3 1-2 pounds of nice seed from the small packet of *New Siberian Millet*. I think it will make fine fodder for cattle.

FRIENDS, We could go right on giving such flattering testimonials from all parts of the United States and Canada, but we have not the space. We have selected these few from widely different sections of the country, to show you that the *New Siberian* is a success in all parts of the country. It is without any doubt whatever the most remarkable Millet that has ever been put on the market in the history of the seed business. No other seed house in the United States will have the *New Siberian* for sale in 1897. We venture to say that not one of our customers who orders *New Siberian* from us this spring, will need to take less than \$2 for each bushel they raise, as their neighbors will see it growing and will all want seed of it. You see, a bushel of it will sow eight acres if your land is new and clean and properly put in, and at \$2 per bushel, that is only 25 cents per acre for seed. You can raise at least 100 bushels of seed from a peck. It beats anything to stool you ever saw. What can a farmer make more money at than to get a peck of this wonderful Millet, sow it on two acres of land, and then sell the seed at even \$1 per bushel. Wheat is not anywhere. Do not order more than a peck of it as we wish to give our customers all a chance.

Price of *New Siberian*: Large packet, 10c, ¼ lb. 20c, ½ lb. 35c, lb. 50c, 4 lbs. \$1.25, postpaid. By freight, pk. \$1.

NOTE.—The *New Siberian* will not bear sowing thickly. If your land is clean it should be sown at the rate of one-half peck per acre. It is best to sow with press drill. Notice on the back cover the bunch of 41 heads, which was grown from one seed. Doesn't it stool though?

NEW SIBERIAN SEED IS RED; UNLIKE ANY OTHER MILLET.

Mrs. D. D. Morris, Alpena Co., Michigan.—The *New Siberian Millet* was superior to all the Millets we ever tried.

Charles Harlow, Cass Co., N. D.—The *New Siberian Millet* seed I got from you was the best I ever saw, to my notion. It is just the kind to sow in North Dakota for a hay crop.

B. P. Wonsnos, Sully Co., S. D.—The *New Siberian Millet* is the best Millet I have ever tried. It stands drought wonderfully. In fact it is the Millet for this country.

F. M. Sheffler, Brown Co., S. D.—The small packet of *New Siberian Millet* I got of you last spring is the world-beater for seed or hay.

Mrs. J. R. Phillips, Day Co., S. D.—The *New Siberian Millet* did well here. It had broad green blades and well filled heads.

George Bullock, Ross Co., Ohio.—I got a packet of your *New Siberian Millet* last spring and I never saw any kind of grain in my life that stooped out so much, or had so many blades. It is the greatest hay Millet there is.

Henry Laughlin, Montgomery Co., Tenn.—I have raised a good many kinds of Millet, but I must say I never yet raised such a remarkable variety as your *New Siberian*. I got a little packet from you last spring, and I saved eight pounds of the nicest seed I ever saw. Such foliage I never saw on Millet. You will get plenty of orders for it next spring from my neighbors.

Thomas Clark, Dallas Co., Texas. We Texas farmers thought we had the best kind of Millet in the world, but since I got a package of your *New Siberian* last spring, I give it up and so do all my neighbors that your *New Siberian* just beats all Millets we have ever had any thing to do with. We hope you can furnish it by the bushel next spring.

Jacob Schaffer, Winnipeg, Manitoba.—One trouble in trying to grow Millet for hay in this country, we always have to ship the seed in, as we have yet failed to get a variety that was early enough for the seed to ripen. However, that great objection can now be overcome, with your *New Siberian Millet*. I got a packet from you last spring and the seed ripened perfectly, and it will certainly be the greatest hay Millet ever yet discovered.

G. W. Latimer, Province of Quebec.—Your *New Siberian Millet* is something wonderful. It is bound to supplant all others in this country. Never before have I saw such a grand hay Millet. I hope you will be in a position to furnish our farmers with *New Siberian* by the quantity next spring. Will want 100 bushels in my neighborhood.

960 BUSHELS FROM ONE.

N. E. Pierson, Minnehaha Co., S. D.—I raised six pounds of fine seed from the small packet of *New Siberian Millet* I got of you last spring. How I wish I had got two packets instead of one.

NOTE.—As there was just one-tenth of an ounce of seed in a packet Mr. Pierson raised at the rate of sixty pounds to one ounce, which would be at the rate of 960 bushels from one bushel of seed. Did you ever hear of anything like it?

NEW SIBERIAN MILLET

PRICE

Large Pkt.	10¢
1/4 lb.	20¢
1/2 lb.	35¢
1 lb.	50¢
4 lbs.	\$1.25

POSTPAID

PECK BY FREIGHT. \$1.00

KI-OTE SEED CO.
SIOUX FALLS.
SOUTH DAKOTA.

NEW "SIBERIAN MILLET."
FOR SALE ONLY BY
KI-OTE SEED CO.
SIOUX FALLS,
SOUTH-DAKOTA.

1st PREMIUM
TRI STATE FAIR
S. D.

YIELD OF HAY
6 TONS AND
800 LBS.
PER ACRE

A PECK OF
SEED
TO THE
SHEAF

41
STALKS
GROWN FROM
ONE
SEED

NEW SIBERIAN

NEW SIBERIAN

NEW SIBERIAN

COPYRIGHTED 1896 BY KI-OTE SEED CO.